

On the impact of emotional prosody in announcements

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On the impact of emotional prosody in announcements The case of the pre-sequence

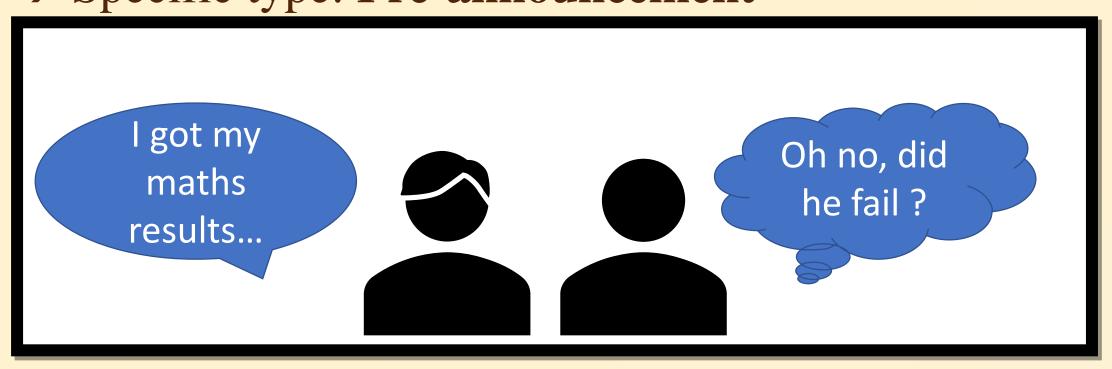
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I Introduction

- Conversation Analysis
 - Pre-sequences: Produced as preliminaries to a projected upcoming sequence of action, thus made "contingent on the response to the pre-sequence initiator" [Schegloff, 1987, p.58]
 → Specific type: Pre-announcement



- Stance: Emotional and attitudinal point of view from the speaker on what he is saying [Stivers 2008]
- **Projection** of expectations created by an utterance on the following one
 - → pre-announcement project announcement
- Phonology
 - Emotional prosody: Research for prosodic patterns used to encode 6 basic emotions and their variants (ex hot vs. Cold anger) [Scherer,2003] → here, study of emotional tendencies

II Issues

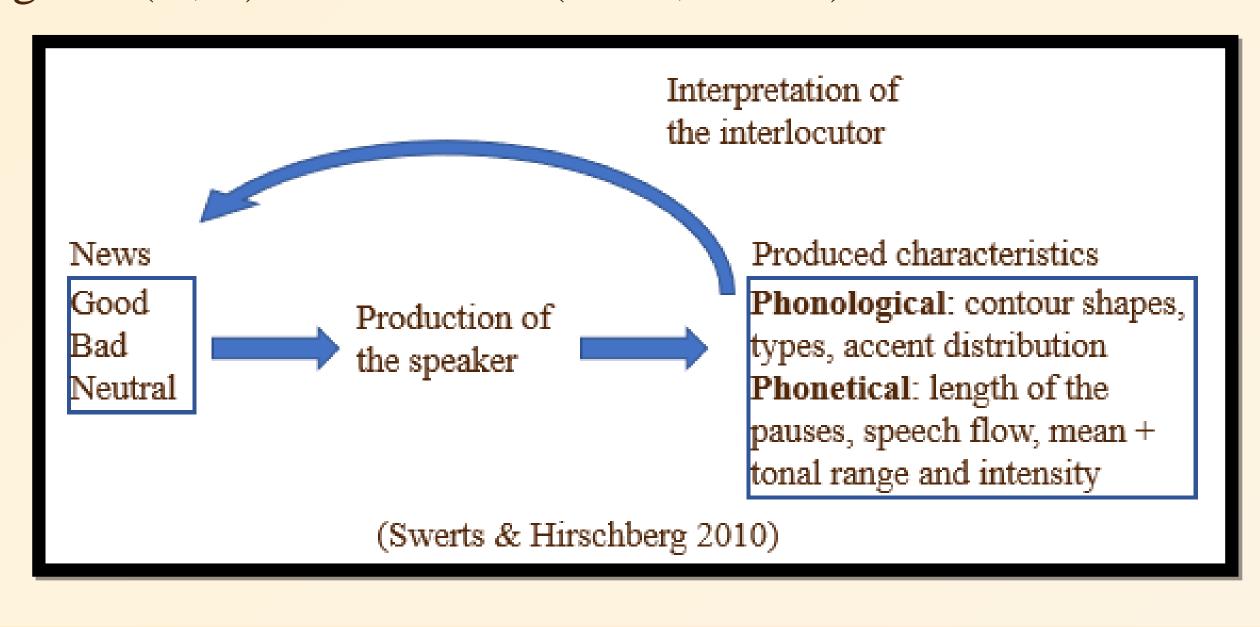
- Good news, bad news: How does it influence the prosodic emotional valence in the pre-announcement? How is it implemented in speech prosody and perceived? What effect on the listener?
- Social role [Petrone et al. 2018] and gender [Polce-Lynch et al. 1998]: To what extent do those two factors influence the preannouncement?

Context of interest: Announcement of medical news made by caregivers to their patients.

III Experiment 1 Production task

Prosodic characteristics produced depending on the valence of the news to announce

Corpus creation: Semi-controlled production by caregivers varied in genre (H, F) & social role (nurse, doctor)



IV Experiment 1 Perception task

Prosodic characteristics used by listeners

Method: Forced choice [Swerts & Hirschberg 2010]

"What kind of news do you think your nurse/doctor is going to announce?GoodBadNeutral

Hypothesis

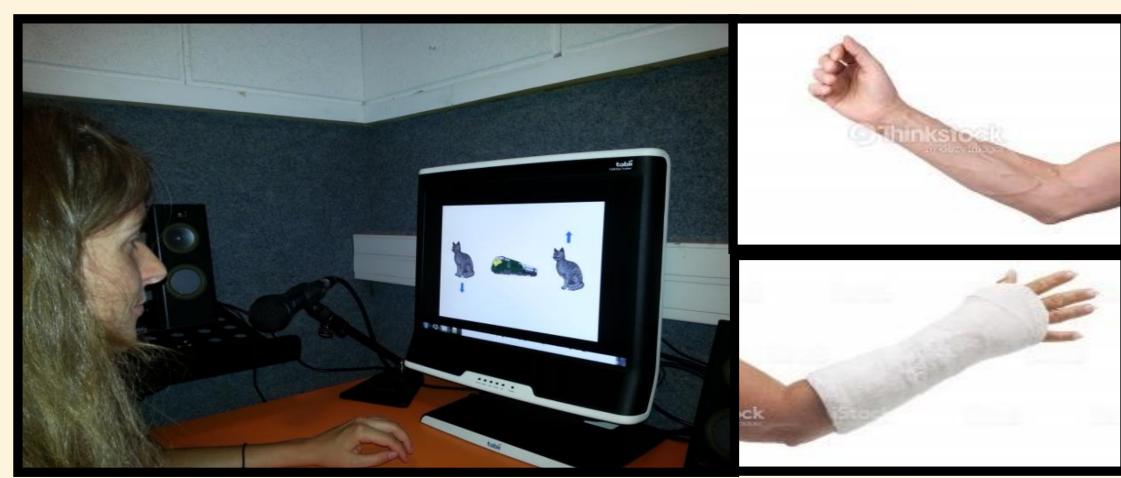
- Pattern found in part 1 used by listeners to infer the valence of the news to be announced
- Gender and social role may influence how many preannouncement are perceived as predicting each of the valence of the news

V Experiment 2 Online psychophysiological task

Temporal aspects of projection by prosody

Method: Eye-tracking [Paullman et al., 2012, Petrone et al., 2016]

- 72 participants
- Written context + pre-sequence's audio + sequence's audio



Hypothesis

 Participants look more often at the image corresponding to the prosodic valence of the pre-sequence

Negative characteristics = more eye-fixations on the broken arm

- Stronger differences when the voice is associated to a doctor's when prosodic characteristics project bad news
- Differences depending on gender

VI Experiment 3 Psychophysiological task

Effect on the interlocutor's emotional affect

Method: Electrodermal measures (EDA) [Petrone et al., 2016]

- 72 participants
- Written context + pre-sequence's audio
- Evaluation task: valence & arousal

Hypothesis

- Stronger reaction to marked valences (negative or positive)
- Stronger reaction when the voice is associated to a doctor's
- Differences depending on gender

VII Conclusion: PhD structure

- Investigate the phonological and phonetical characteristics of news' pre-announcement sequences made in a production task
- Validate those characteristics: Perception task. Items from the corpus, contextualized by a short written test, heard in 2 experiments: 1st: Uncover the timing and the way listeners use prosodic characteristics heard
 - 2nd: Analyze emotional reaction to the same items by looking at electrodermal variations on the listeners