



## Recent progress in the study of fine-scale physical-biological coupling in the Mediterranean Sea.

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# Recent progress in the study of fine-scale physical-biological coupling in the Mediterranean Sea

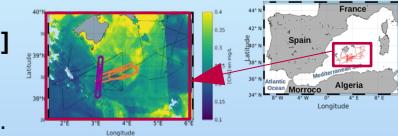
## Context

- **Fine scales**: Structures (fronts, eddies) with horizontal scales in order of **10 km to 100 km** with a **short lifetime** (days/weeks).
- Predominantly studied with **numerical simulations** and **satellite observations**.
- Models have highlight the impact of fine scales on **biological processes** in particular on the **distribution of phytoplankton**.

Necessity of in situ

## Adaptive and Lagrangian strategy

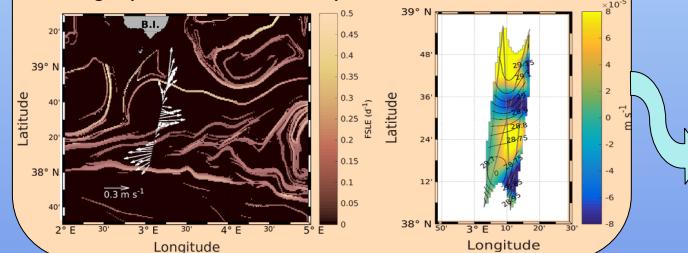
- PROTEVSMED-SWOT 2018 campaign.
- Identification of 2 types of water with different [Chl] with **satellite observation**.
- Route of the ship accross these 2 types of water.
- Sampling at **high spatial and temporal resolution**.



## Results and conclusion

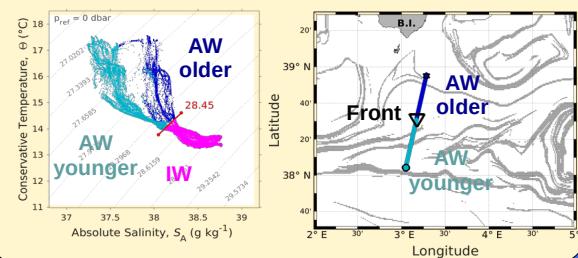
### Hydrodynamical

- Identification of a **front** with the **horizontal currents**.
- Estimation of **vertical velocities w** with equation omega (Hoskin et al., 1978).

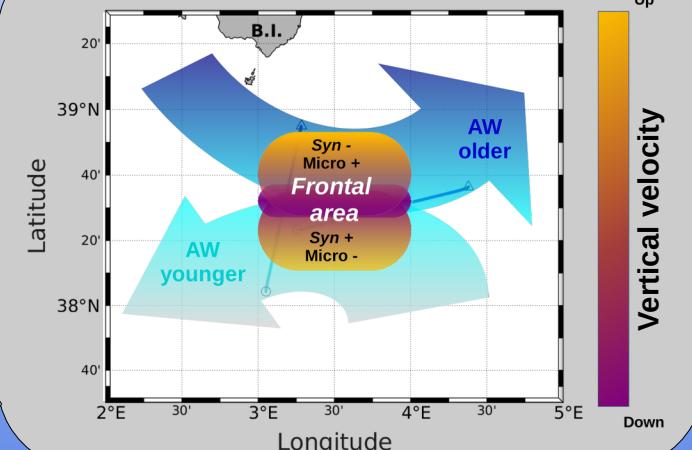


### Hydrological

- Identification of 2 types of **Atlantic Water (AW)** at different **stages of mixing** in surface, separated in the **frontal area**.



### Physical-biological coupling

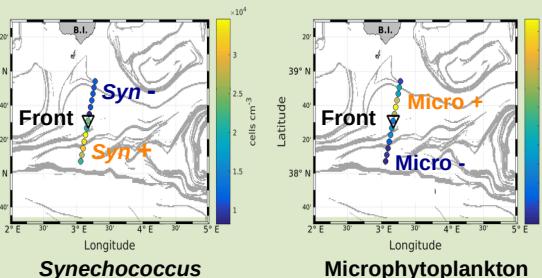


### Conclusion

- Impact of the front on the **distribution of phytoplankton**.
- **Barrier role** of the front as described by models.

### Biological

- Abundances of **phytoplankton** separated by the front.



### Perspectives

- A new satellite to better observe fine scale structures in the global ocean : **SWOT 2023**.
- Initiative 'Adopt a SWOT crossover' : Encourages the international scientific community to coordinate future cruises in the crossover's areas, **before and during** the SWOT mission.

