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Controlled Monohalogenation of Phosphonates: A New Route to Pure α -Monohalogenated Diethyl Benzylphosphonates

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Abstract : Starting from diethyl benzylphosphonates, a wide variety of diethyl α -monofluoro, chloro, bromo and iodobenzylphosphonates have been obtained in pure form by a one-pot procedure. This high yielding method implies the intermediate protection of the benzyl anion with TMSCl followed by halogenation with an electrophilic halogenating reagent.

INTRODUCTION

The interest in generating dialkyl α -monohalogenobenzylphosphonates lies for one part in their potential for the synthesis of α -halogenoalkenes and alkynes which are important intermediates in organic synthesis and material science.¹⁻⁴ On the other hand, substitution of a hydrogen atom in α -CH₂ position by fluorine in enzyme substrate phosphonic analogues is widely practised in various areas of bio-organic and medicinal chemistry with the aim to prepare better mimics of phosphate parents.⁵ However, a practical, general and high yielding method for the synthesis of pure dialkyl α -monohalogenobenzylphosphonates has not yet been described. A number of approaches for the introduction of an halogen at the α -CH₂ position of phosphonates has been reported and in order to limit the scope of this introduction only the four main processes are discussed below :

(a) The most widely used synthetic method is the nucleophilic halogenation of diethyl α -hydroxybenzylphosphonates, obtained *via* the Pudovik reaction between diethyl phosphite and aromatic aldehydes, with a large variety of halogenating reagents: CHFCl-CF₂NEt₂⁶ and Et₂N-SF₃ (DAST)⁷ for fluorination, POCl₃,¹⁻³ PPh₃ / CCl₄,⁸ SOCl₂⁹ for chlorination, PPh₃ / CBr₄,¹⁰ PPh₃Br₂ / Py,¹⁰ CH₂=CHCH₂Br / CDI (N,N'-carbonyldiimidazole),¹¹ SOBr₂⁹ for bromination, MeI / CDI¹¹ and PI₃⁹ for iodination (Scheme 1). This methodology has been employed in the preparation of a variety of compounds,

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the range of yields is large (25 - 97 %) but the harsh reaction conditions, high temperatures and long reaction times preclude the presence of many functionalities.

Scheme 1.

(b) Occasionally, the Michaelis-Arbuzov¹² reaction may be used for the synthesis of α -fluorobenzylphosphonate. This unusual approach proved to be problematic in the case of the secondary halides and the presence of an electron withdrawing group on the same carbon is needed to perform the reaction.¹³ Thus, bromofluorotoluene reacts with $(\text{EtO})_3\text{P}$ to afford diethyl *p*-carbethoxy- α -fluorobenzylphosphonate in 68% yield as illustrated in Scheme 2.¹⁴

Scheme 2.

(c) Electrophilic chlorination of the diethyl α -lithiobenzylphosphonate carbanion with CCl_4 occurred in moderate to good yields (82-90%) (Scheme 3). According to the nature and position of the R group on the aromatic ring, the chlorination reaction was often sluggish.¹⁵

Scheme 3.

(d) Only one example of preparation of diethyl α -bromobenzylphosphonate by radical bromination using NBS in the presence of benzoyl peroxide was reported (Scheme 4).¹⁶ The reaction was very slow, requiring CCl_4 at reflux and long reaction times (2-3 days), to give moderate yields (47-53%).

Scheme 4.

Despite recent advances in developing methodology and new halogenation reagents, these approaches are not highly selective and appear to have only limited synthetic potential. Consequently, mixtures of non-halogenated and bis-halogenated benzylphosphonates could result, thereby canceling these reactions for synthetic purposes.

Despite a large number of investigations, the effective control of the electrophilic monohalogenation at the α - CH_2 position of phosphonates remains largely a delicate problem. The major disadvantage which attends the use of electrophilic approach is the formation of complex mixtures of monohalogeno-, dihalogeno- and nonhalogenobenzylphosphonates. Very recently, a wide variety of α,α -difluorobenzylphosphonates have been synthesized from the corresponding phosphonates via electrophilic fluorination with NFBS.¹⁷ Owing to both biologic and synthetic potential of halogenobenzylphosphonates, the search of a reaction sequence that may be conveniently executed to produce a large variety of α -monohalogenobenzylphosphonates in pure form is especially useful. The presence of protected carbanions is crucial to the success of the monohalogenation to exclude the formation of side reactions.

The purpose of this article is to report a new and highly selective access to α -monohalogenobenzylphosphonates by controlled electrophilic halogenation of protected benzylphosphonate carbanions. Herein, the complete details of a general and attractive one-pot synthesis of diethyl α -monofluoro-, chloro-, bromo-, and iodobenzylphosphonates are described. We performed our synthesis with a variety of diethyl benzylphosphonates which are commercially available or easily prepared on laboratory scale by heating $(\text{EtO})_3\text{P}$ with the corresponding benzyl halides according to the Michaelis-Arbuzov process.¹⁸⁻²⁹

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The preparation of diethyl α -monohalogenobenzylphosphonates **4** (X=F), **5** (X=Cl), **6** (X=Br) and **7** (X=I) from diethyl benzylphosphonates **1** is accomplished by a four steps, one-pot procedure *via* electrophilic halogenation of the 1-lithio-1-(trimethylsilyl)benzylphosphonates **2**. Each step of this reaction sequence may be conveniently executed without isolation of the intermediates (Scheme 5). In the first step, extraction of a proton at the benzylic position from **1** occurs easily at low temperature with LiHMDS. This first deprotonation is followed at room temperature by simultaneous protection of the benzylic position with TMSCl and extraction of the second benzylic proton. The complete transformation of **1** into **2** needs 3 eq. of LiHMDS and the resulting silylated carbanions **2** are stable and easily identified by ^{31}P -NMR analysis ($\delta^{31}\text{P}(\text{THF})=+47.3$ ppm). The use of a transient protection of the benzylic position generates a tertiary

to succeed the reactions. These include: **(a)** the nature and quantity of the base; **(b)** the reaction temperature; **(c)** the stoichiometry of the reagents; **(d)** the removal conditions of the TMS group and **(e)** the influence of substituents on the aromatic ring.

(a) Three lithium amides, LiHMDS (lithium hexamethyldisilazide), LDA (lithium diisopropylamide) and LiTMP (lithium 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidide) were tested as metallation agents. All three were basic enough to give the two successive deprotonations. However, we found that diisopropylamine and 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine, which are regenerated in the reaction mixture, are not inert towards TMSCl under our experimental conditions and react at room temperature with TMSCl forming HCl which partially protonates the carbanions **2** and comes back to the starting diethyl benzylphosphonates **1**. By contrast hexamethyldisilazane is a more sterically hindered amine, less basic too, which is tolerated in the reaction of benzylic carbanions with TMSCl.

We proved that for a fast and complete obtaining of diethyl 1-lithio-1-(trimethylsilyl)-benzylphosphonates **2** it is necessary to employ 3 eq. of base. Effectively, when a sample of diethyl 1-(trimethylsilyl)benzylphosphonate is independently submitted to deprotonation with either LiHMDS or LDA at room temperature in THF, 2 eq. of base are required to provide full metallation.

(b) The reaction of TMSCl with the metallated derivative of **1** proceeds exclusively at room temperature. At low temperature the reaction is sluggish and never complete.

(c) TMSCl has to be introduced without excess to prevent side reactions with the free amine but above all because TMSCl undergoes an halogen exchange reaction with NFBS. In the presence of unreacted TMSCl, despite the use of an excess of NFBS, the fluorination reaction remains largely uncomplete.

(d) Two appropriate hydrolytic procedures may be employed for the cleavage of the C-Si bond. The method using LiOH / H₂O is preferred for fluorinated benzylphosphonates **3** (X=F) and the method using EtOLi / EtOH for chloro-, bromo- and iodobenzylphosphonates **3** (X=Cl, Br, I). In the case of **3** (X=F), the cleavage of the C-Si bond with ethanolic lithium ethoxide produces N-ethylbenzenesulfonimide which remains in the organic phase and consequently is very difficult to separate from the α -monofluorobenzylphosphonates **4a-f**, whereas treatment of **3** (X=F) with concentrated aqueous lithium hydroxide affords lithium benzenesulfonimide which is retained in the aqueous phase. In addition, while no difficulties are encountered in the treatment of compounds **3** with lithium hydroxide, the use of sodium hydroxide is not appropriate for retaining benzenesulfonimide in the aqueous phase.

(e) We also studied the influence of substituents R of the aromatic ring. The reaction is general for substituents such as *p*- and *m*-methyl, *o*- and *p*-fluoro, *p*-chloro, *p*-bromo and *p*-methoxy which do not interfere with the halogenation process. These substituents R have a significant influence when they are in the *ortho*-position. Under these conditions, the second deprotonation is slowed down because of a difficult approach of LiHMDS in a highly crowded position. Fluorine atom is the largest substituent allowed for successful deprotonation. This can be explained by the comparable size of fluorine and hydrogen atoms. The only cases where halogenation occurs are when the aromatic substituent R=2-F (Scheme 5). All attempts to prepare α -halogeno-*o*-chlorobenzylphosphonates in pure form failed.

All isolated compounds are stable at room temperature, except for the α -iodobenzylphosphonates **7** which slowly decompose.

The spectra of the α -halogenobenzylphosphonates show a magnetic non-equivalence of the O,O-diethyl groups due to the presence of an asymmetric carbon in the α -position inducing a diastereotopic effect at the phosphoryl group. This diastereotopic effect is not the consequence of a restricted rotation around the phosphorous-carbon bond.¹¹ The main spectroscopic data are collected in the following **Tables 1-4**.

Table 1. ^{31}P , ^{19}F , ^1H , ^{13}C -NMR data of diethyl α -fluorobenzylphosphonates **4**

4	R	δ ^{31}P (ppm) (CDCl_3)	δ ^{19}F (ppm) (CDCl_3)	δ ^1H P- $\underline{\text{CHF}}$ -Ar-R (ppm) (CDCl_3)	δ ^{13}C P- $\underline{\text{CHF}}$ -Ar-R (ppm) (CDCl_3)	Yields (%)
a	H	13.0 (d, $^2J_{\text{PF}}=85.6$)	-200.6 (d, $^2J_{\text{PF}}=85.6$)	5.75 (dd, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=7.9$, $^2J_{\text{FH}}=44.6$)	89.9 (dd, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=170.5$, $^1J_{\text{FC}}=184.2$)	97
b	2-F	12.6 (dd, $^2J_{\text{PF}}=88.6$, $^4J_{\text{PF}}=5.2$)	-204.0 (d, $^2J_{\text{PF}}=90.4$)	6.10 (dd, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=8.0$, $^2J_{\text{FH}}=44.2$)	83.5 (ddd, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=177.0$, $^1J_{\text{FC}}=180.1$, $^3J_{\text{FC}}=3.0$)	68
c	3-Me	15.5 (dd, $^2J_{\text{PF}}=85.9$)	-198.4 (d, $^2J_{\text{PF}}=86.1$)	5.75 (dd, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=7.5$, $^2J_{\text{FH}}=44.7$)	89.6 (dd, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=170.0$, $^1J_{\text{FC}}=183.7$)	83
d	4-Me	13.5 (d, $^2J_{\text{PF}}=87.7$)	-199.2 (d, $^2J_{\text{PF}}=86.9$)	5.70 (dd, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=7.5$, $^2J_{\text{FH}}=44.4$)	89.6 (dd, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=172.4$, $^1J_{\text{FC}}=183.2$)	90
e	4-F	12.9 (d, $^2J_{\text{PF}}=85.6$)	-199.2 (d, $^2J_{\text{PF}}=85.8$)	5.62 (dd, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=7.5$, $^2J_{\text{FH}}=44.5$)	88.7 (dd, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=171.5$, $^1J_{\text{FC}}=183.9$)	68
f	4-Cl	12.6 (d, $^2J_{\text{PF}}=83.3$)	-201.4 (d, $^2J_{\text{PF}}=83.6$)	5.70 (dd, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=7.3$, $^2J_{\text{FH}}=44.5$)	88.9 (dd, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=172.9$, $^1J_{\text{FC}}=184.0$)	74
g	4-Br	14.4 (d, $^2J_{\text{PF}}=85.1$)	-199.7 (d, $^2J_{\text{PF}}=85.4$)	5.77 (dd, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=8.0$, $^2J_{\text{FH}}=44.6$)	89.1 (dd, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=171.0$, $^1J_{\text{FC}}=184.6$)	76
h	4-OMe	15.8 (dd, $^2J_{\text{PF}}=91.3$)	-192.5 (d, $^2J_{\text{PF}}=90.3$)	5.66 (dd, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=7.0$, $^2J_{\text{FH}}=44.4$)	89.5 (ddd, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=173.9$, $^1J_{\text{FC}}=183.0$)	79

Table 2. ^{31}P , ^1H , ^{13}C -NMR data of diethyl α -chlorobenzylphosphonates **5**

5	R	δ ^{31}P (ppm) (CDCl_3)	δ ^1H P- $\underline{\text{CHCl}}$ -Ar-R (ppm) (CDCl_3)	δ ^{13}C P- $\underline{\text{CHCl}}$ -Ar-R (ppm) (CDCl_3)	Yields (%)
a	H	18.2 (s)	4.87 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=14.1$)	53.2 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=159.6$)	93
b	2-F	16.6 (s)	5.20 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=14.3$)	45.0 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=163.3$)	92
c	3-Me	17.3 (s)	4.93 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=14.0$)	53.9 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=160.0$)	95
d	4-Me	17.5 (s)	4.90 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=13.9$)	53.3 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=161.2$)	90
e	4-F	17.0 (s)	4.75 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=14.1$)	53.1 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=160.6$)	94
f	4-Cl	16.4 (s)	4.79 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=14.3$)	53.3 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=160.2$)	93
g	4-Br	16.4 (s)	4.75 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=14.3$)	53.1 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=159.5$)	93

h	4-OMe	17.6 (s)	4.93 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=13.7$)	53.9 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=162.0$)	95
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Table 3. ^{31}P , ^1H , ^{13}C -NMR data of diethyl α -bromobenzylphosphonates **6**

6	R	$\delta^{31}\text{P}$ (ppm) (CDCl_3)	$\delta^1\text{H}$ P- <u>CH</u> Br-Ar-R (ppm) (CDCl_3)	$\delta^{13}\text{C}$ P- <u>CH</u> Br-Ar-R (ppm) (CDCl_3)	Yields (%)
a	H	17.3 (s)	4.81 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=13.0$)	42.0 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=159.5$)	87
b	2-F	16.2 (s)	5.20 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=13.7$)	33.9 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=164.5$)	88
c	4-Me	17.6 (s)	4.87 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=12.8$)	41.9 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=161.2$)	85
d	4-F	17.4 (s)	4.74 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=13.1$)	40.9 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=160.3$)	93
e	4-Cl	16.8 (s)	4.76 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=13.2$)	40.9 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=160.0$)	95
f	4-Br	16.6 (s)	4.70 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=13.2$)	41.0 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=159.1$)	92

Table 4. ^{31}P , ^1H , ^{13}C -NMR data of diethyl α -iodobenzylphosphonates **7**

7	R	$\delta^{31}\text{P}$ (ppm) (CDCl_3)	$\delta^1\text{H}$ P- <u>CH</u> I-Ar-R (ppm) (CDCl_3)	$\delta^{13}\text{C}$ P- <u>CH</u> I-Ar-R (ppm) (CDCl_3)	Yields (%)
a	H	19.6 (s)	4.96 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=13.5$)	15.4 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=155.6$)	98
b	4-Me	20.7 (s)	5.09 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=13.5$)	16.2 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=160.2$)	97

CONCLUSION

Consequently, we describe herein a general, versatile and unambiguous one-pot procedure for the synthesis of a wide variety of diethyl α -monohalogenobenzylphosphonates in good yields *via* the electrophilic halogenation of the benzylphosphonate anions. The experimental conditions offer a shorter and more convenient preparation than those early reported, each step of this reaction sequence being executed in quantitative yields without the isolation of intermediates. Extension of this methodology, using easily available electrophilic halogenation reagents, to other functional phosphonates is in progress.

EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AC 200 spectrometer operating at 200 MHz for proton, 50.3 MHz for carbon and 81.01 MHz for phosphorus. ^{31}P downfield shifts (δ) are expressed with a positive sign, in ppm, relative to external 85% H_3PO_4 in H_2O . ^1H and ^{13}C chemical shifts (δ) are reported in ppm relative to CDCl_3 as internal standard. ^{19}F chemical shifts (δ) are reported in ppm relative to CFCl_3 as external standard. Coupling constants (J) are given in Hz. Gas chromatography was performed on a Hewlett Packard 5890 gas spectrometer with an SGE BPX (25M x 0.22 mm) column using splitless injection and a helium gas vector at 1 ml / min. Low resolution mass spectra were recorded on a Hewlett Packard 5989 B mass spectrometer.

Organic solvents were purified by standard procedures. THF was distilled under an inert atmosphere from purple solutions of sodium benzophenone ketyl. The synthesis of all compounds were carried out under dry nitrogen.

General procedure for the synthesis of diethyl benzylphosphonates

An oven-dried, 500 ml, four necked, round-bottomed flask was fitted with an efficient mechanical stirrer, a thermometer, a fractionating Vigreux column equipped with a condenser, and a pressure equalizing funnel with a nitrogen inlet. Under a gentle flow of nitrogen the flask was charged with 0.4 mol of a substituted benzyl chloride or bromide. The flask was heated at 150°C (for benzyl chloride) or at 100°C (for benzyl bromide). At this temperature 66.4 g (0.4 mol) of (EtO)₃P was slowly added. After the addition was completed, the mixture was heated for 5h at 150°C for benzyl chloride and for 2h at 100°C for benzyl bromide. The reaction is easily monitored by ³¹P-NMR spectroscopy. When all the ethyl bromide was distilled, in the case of benzyl bromide, the residue was transferred to a pear-shaped flask for distillation through a Vigreux column and fractionated at vacuum-pump pressure.

*Diethyl benzylphosphonate (1a)*¹⁸⁻²³ C₁₁H₁₇O₃P (M=228) : **³¹P-NMR** +27.4 (s). / **¹H-NMR** 1.17 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.1, 6H, CH₃CH₂O), 3.09 (d, ²J_{PH}=21.6, 2H, PCH₂), 3.94 (p, ³J_{HH}=³J_{PH}=7.1, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 7.16-7.24 (m, 5H, H_{arom} of C₆H₅). / **¹³C-NMR** 16.8 (d, ³J_{PC}=5.8, CH₃CH₂O), 34.3 (d, ¹J_{PC}=138.5, PCH₂), 62.6 (d, ²J_{PC}=7.0, CH₃CH₂O), 127.3 (d, ⁵J_{PC}=3.0, C_{para} of C₆H₅), 129.0 (d, ⁴J_{PC}=2.7, C_{meta} of C₆H₅), 130.3 (d, ³J_{PC}=7.1, C_{ortho} of C₆H₅), 132.1 (d, ²J_{PC}=9.3, C_{ipso} of C₆H₅). / **m/z** (CI): 229 (M+1, 100), 246 (M+18, 11).

Diethyl 2-fluorobenzylphosphonate (1b)^{18,24,25} C₁₁H₁₆O₃FP (M=246) : **³¹P-NMR** +24.8 (s). / **¹⁹F-NMR** -90.7 (s). / **¹H-NMR** 1.09 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 6H, CH₃CH₂O), 3.04 (d, ²J_{PH}=21.6, 2H, PCH₂), 3.89 (p, ³J_{HH}=³J_{PH}=7.0, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 6.83-7.27 (m, 4H, H_{arom} of C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 16.6 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.1, CH₃CH₂O), 26.6 (dd, ¹J_{PC}=140.4, ³J_{FC}=2.7, PCH₂), 62.5 (d, ²J_{PC}=7.1, CH₃CH₂O), 115.6 (dd, ⁴J_{PC}=2.8, ²J_{FC}=22.8, C_{meta} of C₆H₄), 119.4 (dd, ²J_{PC}=16.0, ²J_{FC}=9.7, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄), 124.4 (t, ⁴J_{PC}=⁴J_{FC}=3.6, C_{meta'} of C₆H₄), 129.0 (dd, ⁵J_{PC}=3.7, ³J_{FC}=7.7, C_{para} of C₆H₄), 132.1 (t, ³J_{PC}=³J_{FC}=4.4, C_{ortho'} of C₆H₄), 161.1 (dd, ³J_{PC}=7.6, ¹J_{FC}=246.9, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 247 (M+1, 100), 264 (M+18, 63).

Diethyl 2-chlorobenzylphosphonate (1c)^{26,29} C₁₁H₁₆O₃ClP (M=262.5) : **³¹P-NMR** +26.1 (s). / **¹H-NMR** 1.14 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 6H, CH₃CH₂O), 3.26 (d, ²J_{PH}=22.0, 2H, PCH₂), 3.90 (p, ³J_{HH}=³J_{PH}=7.0, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 7.04-7.36 (m, 4H, H_{arom} of C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** (CDCl₃), δ (ppm): 16.5 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.1, CH₃CH₂O), 30.9 (d, ¹J_{PC}=139.2, PCH₂), 62.4 (d, ²J_{PC}=6.3, CH₃CH₂O), 127.0 (d, ⁵J_{PC}=4.0, C_{para} of C₆H₄), 128.5 (d, ⁴J_{PC}=3.2, C_{meta'} of C₆H₄), 129.8 (d, ⁴J_{PC}=2.9, C_{meta} of C₆H₄), 130.2 (d, ²J_{PC}=9.2, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄), 131.9 (d, ³J_{PC}=5.8, C_{ortho'} of C₆H₄), 134.4 (d, ³J_{PC}=7.8, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 263 (M+1 ³⁵Cl, 100), 265 (M+1 ³⁷Cl, 33), 280 (M+18 ³⁵Cl, 54), 282 (M+18 ³⁷Cl, 19).

Diethyl 3-methylbenzylphosphonate (1d)^{18,29} C₁₂H₁₉O₃P (M=242) : **³¹P-NMR** +26.7 (s). / **¹H-NMR** 1.12 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 6H, CH₃CH₂O), 2.21 (d, ⁴J_{HH}=2.2, 3H, C₆H₄CH₃), 2.98 (d, ²J_{PH}=21.6, 2H, PCH₂), 3.89 (p, ³J_{HH}=³J_{PH}=7.1, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 6.90-7.11 (m, 4H, H of C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 16.7 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.2, CH₃CH₂O), 21.6 (s, C₆H₄CH₃), 33.9 (d, ¹J_{PC}=137.5, PCH₂), 62.3 (d, ²J_{PC}=6.9, CH₃CH₂O), 127.1 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.4, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 127.9 (d, ⁵J_{PC}=4.4, C_{para} of C₆H₄), 128.6 (d, ⁴J_{PC}=3.3, C_{meta'} of C₆H₄), 130.8 (d, ³J_{PC}=7.3, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄).

C₆H₄), 131.7 (d, ²J_{PC}=9.3, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄), 138.3 (d, ⁴J_{PC}=4.4, C_{meta} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 243 (M+1, 100), 260 (M+18, 7).

Diethyl 4-methylbenzylphosphonate (1e) C₁₂H₁₉O₃P (M=242) : **³¹P-NMR** +26.3 (s). / **¹H-NMR** 1.16 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.1, 6H, CH₃CH₂O), 2.24 (d, ⁴J_{HH}=2.2, 3H, C₆H₄CH₃), 3.03 (d, ²J_{PH}=21.4, 2H, PCH₂), 3.93 (p, ³J_{HH}=³J_{PH}=7.1, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 7.03 (d, ³J_{HH}=8.2, 2H, H_{meta} of C₆H₄), 7.11 (dd, ³J_{HH}=8.2, ⁴J_{PH}=2.2, 2H, H_{para} of C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 16.8 (d, ³J_{PC}=5.6, CH₃CH₂O), 21.5 (s, C₆H₄CH₃), 33.7 (d, ¹J_{PC}=138.5, PCH₂), 62.5 (d, ²J_{PC}=6.4, CH₃CH₂O), 128.8 (d, ²J_{PC}=9.2, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄), 129.7 (d, ⁴J_{PC}=2.8, C_{meta} of C₆H₄), 130.1 (d, ³J_{PC}=7.0, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 136.8 (d, ⁵J_{PC}=5.4, C_{para} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 243 (M+1, 100), 260 (M+18, 13).

Diethyl 4-fluorobenzylphosphonate (1f) C₁₁H₁₆O₃FP (M=246) : **³¹P-NMR** +26.0 (d, ⁶J_{PF}=5.4). / **¹⁹F-NMR** -90.8 (d, ⁶J_{PF}=5.5). / **¹H-NMR** 1.17 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 6H, CH₃CH₂O), 3.04 (d, ²J_{PH}=21.4, 2H, PCH₂), 3.94 (p, ³J_{HH}=³J_{PH}=7.0, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 6.92 (t, ³J_{HH}=³J_{FH}=8.7, 2H, H_{meta} of C₆H₄), 7.14-7.23 (m, 2H, H_{ortho} of C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 16.9 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.0, CH₃CH₂O), 33.4 (d, ¹J_{PC}=139.1, PCH₂), 62.7 (d, ²J_{PC}=6.9, CH₃CH₂O), 116.0 (dd, ⁴J_{PC}=2.7, ²J_{FC}=21.4, C_{meta} of C₆H₄), 128.0 (dd, ²J_{PC}=9.2, ⁴J_{FC}=3.0, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄), 131.8 (t, ³J_{PC}=³J_{FC}=7.6, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 162.5 (dd, ⁵J_{PC}=4.6, ¹J_{FC}=245.7, C_{para} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 247 (M+1, 100), 264 (M+18, 22).

Diethyl 4-chlorobenzylphosphonate (1g)^{18,26} C₁₁H₁₆O₃ClP (M=262.5) : **³¹P-NMR** +25.3 (s). / **¹H-NMR** 1.24 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 6H, CH₃CH₂O), 3.11 (d, ²J_{PH}=21.6, 2H, PCH₂), 4.03 (p, ³J_{HH}=³J_{PH}=7.0, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 7.23-7.35 (m, 4H, H_{arom} of C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 16.4 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.0, CH₃CH₂O), 33.1 (d, ¹J_{PC}=138.0, PCH₂), 62.1 (d, ²J_{PC}=7.2, CH₃CH₂O), 128.6 (d, ⁴J_{PC}=2.8, C_{meta} of C₆H₄), 130.4 (d, ²J_{PC}=9.2, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄), 131.1 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.2, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 132.7 (d, ⁵J_{PC}=4.5, C_{para} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 263 (M+1 ³⁵Cl, 100), 265 (M+1 ³⁷Cl, 38), 280 (M+18 ³⁵Cl, 27), 282 (M+18 ³⁷Cl, 9).

Diethyl 4-bromobenzylphosphonate (1h)^{27,28} C₁₁H₁₆O₃BrP (M=307) : **³¹P-NMR** +20.1 (s). / **¹H-NMR** 1.07 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 6H, CH₃CH₂O), 2.91 (d, ²J_{PH}=21.7, 2H, PCH₂), 3.84 (p, ³J_{HH}=³J_{PH}=7.0, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 6.99 (dd, ³J_{HH}=8.4, ⁴J_{PH}=2.5, 2H, H_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 7.24 (d, ³J_{HH}=8.4, 2H, H_{meta} of C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 16.6 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.0, CH₃CH₂O), 33.4 (d, ¹J_{PC}=138.6, PCH₂), 62.4 (d, ²J_{PC}=7.3, CH₃CH₂O), 121.0 (d, ⁵J_{PC}=4.6, C_{para} of C₆H₄), 131.1 (d, ²J_{PC}=9.2, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄), 131.7 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.6, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 131.8 (s, C_{meta} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 307 (M+1 ⁷⁹Br, 63), 309 (M+1 ⁸¹Br, 62), 324 (M+18 ⁷⁹Br, 100), 326 (M+18 ⁸¹Br, 100).

Diethyl 4-methoxybenzylphosphonate (1i) C₁₂H₁₉O₄P (M=258) : **³¹P-NMR** +27.3 (s). / **¹H-NMR** 1.21 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 6H, CH₃CH₂O), 3.06 (d, ²J_{PH}=21.1, 2H, PCH₂), 3.70 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.98 (p, ³J_{HH}=³J_{PH}=7.1, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 6.82 (d, ³J_{HH}=8.1, 2H, H_{meta} of C₆H₄), 7.21 (dd, ³J_{HH}=8.7, ⁴J_{PH}=2.4, 2H, H_{ortho} of C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 15.7 (d, ³J_{PC}=5.3, CH₃CH₂O), 31.9 (d, ¹J_{PC}=138.7, PCH₂), 54.3 (s, OCH₃), 61.2 (d, ²J_{PC}=6.6, CH₃CH₂O), 113.3 (s, C_{meta} of C₆H₄), 122.8 (d, ²J_{PC}=9.0, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄), 130.1 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.3, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 158.0 (d, ⁵J_{PC}=2.6, C_{para} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 259 (M+1, 100), 276 (M+18, 8).

General procedure for the synthesis of diethyl α-fluorobenzylphosphonates

A freshly titrated solution of *n*-BuLi (4.69 ml of 1.6 M solution in hexane; 7.5 mmol) was added to THF (20 ml) cooled to -78°C. A mixture of hexamethyldisilazane (HMDS) (1.33 g; 8.25 mmol) and diethyl benzylphosphonate (2.5 mmol) in THF (20 ml) was then slowly added at this temperature *via* a dropping funnel. Few minutes later, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm slowly to 20°C and Me₃SiCl (0.3 g; 2.75 mmol) in THF (10 ml) was rapidly added. After 15 min, the reaction mixture was cooled to -90°C and the N-fluorobenzenesulfonimide (NFBS) (1.02 g; 3.25 mmol) in THF (20 ml) was slowly added. After 15 min at low temperature, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm-up to 0°C and treated at this temperature with an excess of LiOH in H₂O (15 ml) for 15 min. The organic layer was washed with 1M LiOH solution (2 x 15 ml) and then poured with stirring into a mixture of 3M HCl (20 ml), CH₂Cl₂ or Et₂O (20 ml) and ice (10 g). After two extractions (2 x 20 ml) of the aqueous layer, the combined organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated under reduced pressure to afford the desired compounds as the pale-yellow oil. All isolated compounds were pure enough to make further purification useless, but can be chromatographed on a silica column (70-230 mesh) and eluted with hexane:ethyl acetate (70:30).

Diethyl α-fluorobenzylphosphonate (4a)^{7,17,30,31} C₁₁H₁₆O₃FP (M=246) : **³¹P-NMR** +13.0 (d, ²J_{PF}=85.6). / **³¹P-NMR (1H coupled)** +13.2 (dd, ²J_{PF}=84.8, ²J_{PH}=7.6). / **¹⁹F-NMR** -200.6 (d, ²J_{PF}=85.6). / **¹⁹F-NMR (1H coupled)** -201.0 (dd, ²J_{PF}=83.0, ²J_{FH}=44.4). / **¹H-NMR** 1.30 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.1, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 1.32 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.1, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 4.01-4.24 (m, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 5.75 (dd, ²J_{PH}=7.9, ²J_{FH}=44.6, 1H, CHF), 7.41-7.54 (m, 5H, C₆H₅). / **¹³C-NMR** 16.8 (d, ³J_{PC}=5.2, CH₃CH₂O), 64.1 (dd, ²J_{PC}=7.0, ⁴J_{FC}=18.2, CH₃CH₂O), 89.9 (dd, ¹J_{PC}=170.5, ¹J_{FC}=184.2, CHF), 127.3 (t, ³J_{PC}=³J_{FC}=6.0, C_{ortho} of C₆H₅), 129.0 (d, ⁴J_{FC}=2.4, C_{meta} of C₆H₅), 129.7 (s, C_{para} of C₆H₅), 133.4 (d, ²J_{FC}=18.4, C_{ipso} of C₆H₅). / **m/z** (CI): 247 (M+1, 100), 264 (M+18, 44).

Diethyl α-fluoro-2-fluorobenzylphosphonate (4b) C₁₁H₁₅O₃F₂P (M=264) : **³¹P-NMR** +12.6 (dd, ²J_{PF}=88.6, ⁴J_{PF}=5.2). / **³¹P-NMR (1H coupled)** +12.6 (dt, ²J_{PF}=88.9, ⁴J_{PF}=²J_{PH}=6.9). / **¹⁹F-NMR** -117.4 (s, C₆H₄F), -204.0 (d, ²J_{PF}=90.4). / **¹⁹F-NMR (1H coupled)** -117.4 (s, C₆H₄F), -204.0 (dd, ²J_{PF}=88.2, ²J_{FH}=45.0, CHF). / **¹H-NMR** 1.33 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 1.41 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 4.03-4.34 (m, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 6.10 (dd, ²J_{PH}=8.0, ²J_{FH}=44.2, 1H, CHF), 7.11-7.77 (m, 4H, C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 17.0 (t, ³J_{PC}=⁵J_{FC}=5.0, CH₃CH₂O), 64.3 (dd, ²J_{PC}=6.7, ⁴J_{FC}=12.7, CH₃CH₂O), 83.5 (ddd, ¹J_{PC}=177.0, ¹J_{FC}=180.1, ³J_{FC}=3.0, CHF), 116.0 (d, ²J_{FC}=21.4, C_{meta} of C₆H₄), 121.3 (dd, ²J_{FC}=19.9, ²J_{FC}=12.2, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄), 125.1 (s, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 129.7 (s, C_{meta} of C₆H₄), 131.7 (d, ³J_{FC}=8.0, C_{para} of C₆H₄), 160.3 (dt, ¹J_{FC}=248.7, ³J_{PC}=³J_{FC}=6.1, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 265 (M+1, 100), 282 (M+18, 33).

Diethyl α-fluoro-3-methylbenzylphosphonate (4c) C₁₂H₁₈O₃FP (M=260) : **³¹P-NMR** +15.5 (d, ²J_{PF}=85.9). / **¹⁹F-NMR** -198.4 (d, ²J_{PF}=86.1). / **¹⁹F-NMR (1H coupled)** -198.4 (dd, ²J_{PF}=86.0, ²J_{FH}=45.0). / **¹H-NMR** 1.32 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 1.34 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 2.41 (s, 3H, C₆H₄CH₃), 4.04-4.25 (m, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 5.75 (dd, ²J_{PH}=7.5, ²J_{FH}=44.7, 1H, CHF), 7.24-7.64 (m, 4H, C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 16.5 (d, ³J_{PC}=5.5, CH₃CH₂O), 21.6 (s, C₆H₄CH₃), 64.0 (dd, ²J_{PC}=7.3, ⁴J_{FC}=19.2, CH₃CH₂O), 89.6 (dd, ¹J_{PC}=170.0, ¹J_{FC}=183.7, CHF), 124.1 (d, ³J_{FC}=6.0, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 124.3 (d, ³J_{FC}=6.0, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 128.6 (d, ⁵J_{FC}=2.1, C_{para} of C₆H₄), 130.3 (s, C_{meta} of C₆H₄), 132.8 (d, ²J_{FC}=18.6, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄), 138.5 (s, C_{meta} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 261 (M+1, 100), 278 (M+18, 34).

*Diethyl α -fluoro-4-methylbenzylphosphonate (4d)*⁷ C₁₂H₁₈O₃FP (M=260) : **³¹P-NMR** +13.5 (d, ²J_{PF}=87.7). / **³¹P-NMR (1H coupled)** +13.5 (dd, ²J_{PF}=86.3, ²J_{PH}=6.5). / **¹⁹F-NMR** -199.2 (d, ²J_{PF}=86.9). / **¹⁹F-NMR (1H coupled)** -199.2 (dd, ²J_{PF}=86.7, ²J_{FH}=45.0). / **¹H-NMR** 1.23 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 1.26 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 2.35 (s, 3H, C₆H₄CH₃), 3.97-4.14 (m, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 5.70 (dd, ²J_{PH}=7.5, ²J_{FH}=44.4, 1H, CHF), 7.21 (d, ³J_{HH}=8.0, 2H, H_{meta} of C₆H₄), 7.34 (d, ³J_{HH}=8.0, 2H, H_{ortho} of C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 17.0 (d, ³J_{PC}=3.3, CH₃CH₂O), 21.7 (s, C₆H₄CH₃), 64.3 (dd, ²J_{PC}=6.5, ⁴J_{FC}=15.4, CH₃CH₂O), 89.6 (dd, ¹J_{PC}=172.4, ¹J_{FC}=183.2, CHF), 127.7 (t, ³J_{PC}=³J_{FC}=6.0, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 129.9 (s, C_{meta} of C₆H₄), 130.4 (d, ²J_{FC}=15.0, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄), 140.1 (d, ⁵J_{FC}=3.1, C_{para} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 261 (M+1, 100), 278 (M+18, 37).

Diethyl α -fluoro-4-fluorobenzylphosphonate (4e) C₁₁H₁₅O₃F₂P (M=264) : **³¹P-NMR** +12.9 (d, ²J_{PF}=85.6). / **¹⁹F-NMR** -112.4 (s, C₆H₄F), -199.2 (d, ²J_{PF}=85.8). / **¹⁹F-NMR (1H coupled)** -112.4 (s, C₆H₄F), -199.1 (dd, ²J_{PF}=85.9, ²J_{FH}=45.0, CHF). / **¹H-NMR** 1.24 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 6H, CH₃CH₂O), 3.94-4.16 (m, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 5.62 (dd, ²J_{PH}=7.5, ²J_{FH}=44.4, 1H, CHF), 7.06 (t, ³J_{HH}=³J_{FH}=8.6, 2H, H_{meta} of C₆H₄), 7.44 (t, ³J_{HH}=⁴J_{FH}=6.3, 2H, H_{ortho} of C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 17.0 (d, ³J_{PC}=3.5, CH₃CH₂O), 64.5 (dd, ²J_{PC}=6.8, ⁴J_{FC}=19.5, CH₃CH₂O), 88.7 (dd, ¹J_{PC}=171.5, ¹J_{FC}=183.9, CHF), 116.2 (d, ²J_{FC}=21.0, C_{meta} of C₆H₄), 129.4 (d, ²J_{FC}=21.3, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄), 129.5 (d, ³J_{FC}=4.2, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 163.8 (dt, ¹J_{FC}=248.7, ⁵J_{PC}=⁵J_{FC}=3.0, C_{para} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 265 (M+1, 53), 282 (M+18, 100).

*Diethyl α -fluoro-4-chlorobenzylphosphonate (4f)*⁷ C₁₁H₁₅O₃FCIP (M=280.5) : **³¹P-NMR** +12.6 (d, ²J_{PF}=83.3). / **³¹P-NMR (1H coupled)** +12.6 (dd, ²J_{PF}=84.6, ²J_{PH}=7.2). / **¹⁹F-NMR** -201.4 (d, ²J_{PF}=83.6). / **¹⁹F-NMR (1H coupled)** -201.3 (dd, ²J_{PF}=83.1, ²J_{FH}=46.6). / **¹H-NMR** 1.22 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 1.24 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 3.95-4.16 (m, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 5.70 (dd, ²J_{PH}=7.3, ²J_{FH}=44.5, 1H, CHF), 6.95-7.34 (m, 4H, C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 17.0 (d, ³J_{PC}=5.5, CH₃CH₂O), 64.3 (dd, ²J_{PC}=7.1, ⁴J_{FC}=20.1, CH₃CH₂O), 88.9 (dd, ¹J_{PC}=172.9, ¹J_{FC}=184.0, CHF), 128.7 (t, ³J_{PC}=³J_{FC}=6.0, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 129.3 (s, C_{meta} of C₆H₄), 132.1 (d, ²J_{FC}=19.5, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄), 135.7 (t, ⁵J_{PC}=⁵J_{FC}=2.9, C_{para} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 281 (M+1 ³⁵Cl, 100), 283 (M+1 ³⁷Cl, 34), 298 (M+18 ³⁵Cl, 97), 300 (M+18 ³⁷Cl, 32).

Diethyl α -fluoro-4-bromobenzylphosphonate (4g) C₁₁H₁₅O₃FBrP (M=325) : **³¹P-NMR** +14.4 (d, ²J_{PF}=85.1). / **³¹P-NMR (1H coupled)** +14.4 (dd, ²J_{PF}=83.7, ²J_{PH}=7.6). / **¹⁹F-NMR** -199.7 (d, ²J_{PF}=85.4). / **¹⁹F-NMR (1H coupled)** -199.8 (dd, ²J_{PF}=83.2, ²J_{FH}=45.8). / **¹H-NMR** 1.21 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 1.24 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 3.90-4.16 (m, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 5.77 (dd, ²J_{PH}=8.0, ²J_{FH}=44.6, 1H, CHF), 7.30 (dd, ³J_{HH}=8.6, ⁴J_{FH}=1.8, 2H, H_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 7.48 (d, ³J_{HH}=8.6, 2H, H_{meta} of C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 17.0 (d, ³J_{PC}=5.7, CH₃CH₂O), 64.2 (dd, ²J_{PC}=7.0, ⁴J_{FC}=20.2, CH₃CH₂O), 89.1 (dd, ¹J_{PC}=171.0, ¹J_{FC}=184.6, CHF), 123.9 (t, ⁵J_{PC}=⁵J_{FC}=3.0, C_{para} of C₆H₄), 128.9 (t, ³J_{PC}=³J_{FC}=6.7, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 132.2 (d, ⁴J_{FC}=2.7, C_{meta} of C₆H₄), 132.6 (d, ²J_{FC}=19.0, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 325 (M+1 ⁷⁹Br, 100), 327 (M+1 ⁸¹Br, 100), 342 (M+18 ⁷⁹Br, 44), 344 (M+18 ⁸¹Br, 44).

Diethyl α -fluoro-4-methoxybenzylphosphonate (4h) C₁₂H₁₈O₄FP (M=276) : **³¹P-NMR** +15.8 (d, ²J_{PF}=91.3). / **³¹P-NMR (1H coupled)** +15.8 (dd, ²J_{PF}=91.1, ²J_{PH}=5.4). / **¹⁹F-NMR** -192.5 (d, ²J_{PF}=90.3). / **¹⁹F-NMR (1H coupled)** -192.5 (dd, ²J_{PF}=90.8, ²J_{FH}=42.4). / **¹H-NMR** 1.25 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.1, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 1.30 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.1, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 3.70-4.19 (m, 4H, CH₃CH₂O), 3.80 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 5.66 (dd, ²J_{PH}=7.0,

$^2J_{\text{FH}}=44.4$, 1H, $\underline{\text{CHF}}$), 6.93 (d, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=8.6$, 2H, $\underline{\text{H}}_{\text{meta}}$ of C_6H_4), 7.91 (d, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=8.6$, 2H, $\underline{\text{H}}_{\text{ortho}}$ of C_6H_4). / **$^{13}\text{C-NMR}$** 16.8 (dd, $^3J_{\text{FC}}=3.1$, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=5.6$, $\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}$), 55.8 (s, $\underline{\text{OCH}_3}$), 64.3 (dd, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=7.1$, $^4J_{\text{FC}}=14.0$, $\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}$), 89.5 (dd, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=173.9$, $^1J_{\text{FC}}=183.0$, $\underline{\text{CHF}}$), 114.5 (s, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{meta}}$ of C_6H_4), 125.1 (d, $^2J_{\text{FC}}=19.5$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ipso}}$ of C_6H_4), 129.1 (d, $^3J_{\text{FC}}=10.7$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ortho}}$ of C_6H_4), 161.0 (s, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{para}}$ of C_6H_4). / **m/z** (CI): 277 (M+1, 100), 294 (M+18, 43).

General procedure for the synthesis of diethyl α -chloro, bromo and iodo-benzylphosphonates

A freshly titrated solution of *n*-BuLi (18.75 ml of 1.6 M solution in hexane; 30 mmol) was added to THF (20 ml) cooled to -78°C . A mixture of hexamethyldisilazane (HMDS) (5.15 g; 32 mmol) and diethyl benzylphosphonate (10 mmol) in THF (20 ml) was slowly added at this temperature *via* a dropping funnel. Few minutes later, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm slowly to 20°C and Me_3SiCl (1.3 g; 12 mmol) in THF (10 ml) was rapidly added. After 15 min, the reaction mixture was cooled to -78°C and the halogenating agent (11 mmol) in THF (20 ml) was slowly added. After 15 min, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm-up to 0°C and then treated with an excess of EtOLi in EtOH. After 15 min the solution was poured with stirring into a mixture of 3M HCl (20 ml), CH_2Cl_2 (20 ml) and ice (10 g) and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2 x 20 ml). The combined organic extracts are dried over MgSO_4 and evaporated under reduced pressure to afford the desired products as the pale-yellow oil for the chloro and bromo compound and as the reddish-brown oil for the iodo compound. All isolated products were pure enough to make further purification useless. The chloro and bromo derivatives can be distilled under reduced pressure with a bulb-to-bulb apparatus or chromatographed on a silica column (70-230 mesh) and eluted with hexane:ethyl acetate (70:30).

Diethyl α -chlorobenzylphosphonate (5a) $^{30}\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_3\text{ClP}$ (M=262.5) : **$^{31}\text{P-NMR}$** +18.2 (s). / **$^1\text{H-NMR}$** 1.14 (t, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=7.1$, 3H, $(\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_{\text{A}}$), 1.29 (t, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=7.0$, 3H, $(\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_{\text{B}}$), 3.75-4.05 (m, 2H, $(\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_{\text{B}}$), 4.15 (p, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=^3J_{\text{PH}}=7.1$, 2H, $(\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_{\text{A}}$), 4.87 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=14.1$, 1H, $\underline{\text{CHCl}}$), 7.26-7.49 (m, 3H, $\underline{\text{H}}_{\text{meta,para}}$ of C_6H_5), 7.47-7.56 (m, 2H, $\underline{\text{H}}_{\text{ortho}}$ of C_6H_5). / **$^{13}\text{C-NMR}$** 15.9 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=5.3$, $(\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_{\text{A}}$), 16.1 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=4.7$, $(\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_{\text{B}}$), 53.2 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=159.6$, $\underline{\text{CHCl}}$), 63.5 (t, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=6.7$, $(\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_{\text{A}}$), 63.7 (t, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=6.7$, $(\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_{\text{B}}$), 128.2 (s, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{meta}}$ of C_6H_5), 128.7 (s, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{para}}$ of C_6H_5), 128.8 (s, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ortho}}$ of C_6H_5), 134.0 (s, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ipso}}$ of C_6H_5). / **m/z** (CI): 263 (M+1 ^{35}Cl , 100), 265 (M+1 ^{37}Cl , 34), 280 (M+18 ^{35}Cl , 31), 282 (M+18 ^{37}Cl , 9).

Diethyl α -chloro-2-fluorobenzylphosphonate (5b) $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{15}\text{O}_3\text{FCIP}$ (M=280.5) : **$^{31}\text{P-NMR}$** +16.6 (s). / **$^{19}\text{F-NMR}$** -113.8 (s, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\underline{\text{F}}$). / **$^1\text{H-NMR}$** 1.04 (t, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=7.0$, 3H, $(\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_{\text{A}}$), 1.19 (t, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=7.0$, 3H, $(\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_{\text{B}}$), 3.75-4.04 (m, 2H, $(\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_{\text{B}}$), 4.10 (p, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=^3J_{\text{PH}}=7.0$, 2H, $(\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_{\text{A}}$), 5.20 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=14.5$, 1H, $\underline{\text{CHCl}}$), 6.86-7.24 (m, 3H, $\underline{\text{H}}_{\text{ortho' ,meta,meta'}}$ of C_6H_4), 7.65 (dt, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=^4J_{\text{FH}}=7.6$, $^4J_{\text{HH}}=1.8$, 1H, $\underline{\text{H}}_{\text{para}}$ of C_6H_4). / **$^{13}\text{C-NMR}$** 16.5 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=5.8$, $(\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_{\text{A}}$), 16.7 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=5.3$, $(\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_{\text{B}}$), 45.5 (dd, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=163.3$, $^3J_{\text{FC}}=4.3$, $\underline{\text{CHCl}}$), 64.3 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=7.4$, $(\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_{\text{A}}$), 64.6 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=6.4$, $(\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_{\text{B}}$), 115.6 (d, $^2J_{\text{FC}}=21.6$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{meta}}$ of C_6H_4), 122.3 (dd, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=13.1$, $^2J_{\text{FC}}=2.9$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ipso}}$ of C_6H_4), 124.4 (t, $^4J_{\text{PC}}=^4J_{\text{FC}}=3.0$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{meta'}}$ of C_6H_4), 131.0 (d, $^3J_{\text{FC}}=2.5$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ortho'}}$ of C_6H_4), 131.2 (d, $^3J_{\text{FC}}=4.6$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{para}}$ of C_6H_4), 160.0 (dd, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=7.6$, $^1J_{\text{FC}}=248.7$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ortho}}$ of C_6H_4). / **m/z** (CI): 281 (M+1 ^{35}Cl , 100), 283 (M+1 ^{37}Cl , 30), 298 (M+18 ^{35}Cl , 30), 300 (M+18 ^{37}Cl , 10).

Diethyl α -chloro-3-methylbenzylphosphonate (5c) $C_{12}H_{18}O_3ClP$ ($M=276.5$) : **^{31}P -NMR** +17.3 (s). / **1H -NMR** 1.22 (t, $^3J_{HH}=7.0$, 3H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 1.37 (t, $^3J_{HH}=7.1$, 3H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 2.40 (s, 3H, $C_6H_4CH_3$), 3.86-4.31 (m, 4H, CH_3CH_2O), 4.93 (d, $^2J_{PH}=14.0$, 1H, $CHCl$), 7.17-7.40 (m, 4H, C_6H_4). / **^{13}C -NMR** 16.5 (d, $^3J_{PC}=5.7$, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 16.7 (d, $^3J_{PC}=5.9$, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 21.6 (s, $C_6H_4CH_3$), 53.9 (d, $^1J_{PC}=160.0$, $CHCl$), 64.2 (t, $^2J_{PC}=7.7$, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 64.4 (t, $^2J_{PC}=7.7$, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 126.3 (d, $^3J_{PC}=6.0$, $C_{ortho'}$ of C_6H_4), 128.7 (s, $C_{meta'}$ of C_6H_4), 129.8 (d, $^3J_{PC}=6.1$, C_{ortho} of C_6H_4), 130.1 (s, C_{para} of C_6H_4), 134.2 (d, $^2J_{PC}=3.0$, C_{ipso} of C_6H_4), 138.5 (s, C_{meta} of C_6H_4). / **m/z** (CI): 277 ($M+1$ ^{35}Cl , 100), 279 ($M+1$ ^{37}Cl , 40), 294 ($M+18$ ^{35}Cl , 27), 296 ($M+18$ ^{37}Cl , 9).

Diethyl α -chloro-4-methylbenzylphosphonate (5d) $C_{12}H_{18}O_3ClP$ ($M=276.5$) : **^{31}P -NMR** +17.5 (s). / **1H -NMR** 1.21 (t, $^3J_{HH}=7.1$, 3H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 1.35 (t, $^3J_{HH}=7.0$, 3H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 2.37 (s, 3H, $C_6H_4CH_3$), 3.90-4.11 (m, 2H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 4.21 (p, $^3J_{HH}=^3J_{PH}=7.0$, 2H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 4.90 (d, $^2J_{PH}=13.9$, 1H, $CHCl$), 7.19 (d, $^3J_{HH}=7.9$, 2H, H_{meta} of C_6H_4), 7.44 (dd, $^3J_{HH}=7.9$, $^4J_{PH}=1.6$, 2H, H_{ortho} of C_6H_4). / **^{13}C -NMR** 16.1 (d, $^3J_{PC}=6.5$, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 16.3 (d, $^3J_{PC}=6.1$, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 21.1 (s, $C_6H_4CH_3$), 53.3 (d, $^1J_{PC}=161.2$, $CHCl$), 63.7 (t, $^2J_{PC}=6.7$, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 63.9 (t, $^2J_{PC}=6.7$, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 128.8 (d, $^3J_{PC}=6.1$, C_{ortho} of C_6H_4), 129.1 (s, C_{meta} of C_6H_4), 131.1 (d, $^2J_{PC}=3.2$, C_{ipso} of C_6H_4), 138.8 (s, C_{para} of C_6H_4). / **m/z** (CI): 277 ($M+1$ ^{35}Cl , 19), 279 ($M+1$ ^{37}Cl , 6), 294 ($M+18$ ^{35}Cl , 100), 296 ($M+18$ ^{37}Cl , 38).

Diethyl α -chloro-4-fluorobenzylphosphonate (5e) $C_{11}H_{15}O_3FCIP$ ($M=280.5$) : **^{31}P -NMR** +17.0 (s). / **^{19}F -NMR** -112.5 (s, C_6H_4F). / **1H -NMR** 1.00 (t, $^3J_{HH}=7.0$, 3H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 1.14 (t, $^3J_{HH}=7.0$, 3H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 3.67-3.93 (m, 2H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 4.02 (p, $^3J_{HH}=^3J_{PH}=7.0$, 2H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 4.75 (d, $^2J_{PH}=14.1$, 1H, $CHCl$), 6.87 (t, $^3J_{HH}=^3J_{FH}=8.7$, 2H, H_{meta} of C_6H_4), 7.32-7.50 (m, 2H, H_{ortho} of C_6H_4). / **^{13}C -NMR** 16.5 (d, $^3J_{PC}=6.8$, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 16.7 (d, $^3J_{PC}=6.1$, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 53.1 (d, $^1J_{PC}=160.6$, $CHCl$), 64.2 (d, $^2J_{PC}=7.1$, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 64.5 (d, $^2J_{PC}=6.9$, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 115.9 (d, $^2J_{FC}=21.3$, C_{meta} of C_6H_4), 130.5 (d, $^2J_{PC}=3.0$, C_{ipso} of C_6H_4), 131.2 (t, $^3J_{PC}=^3J_{FC}=7.5$, C_{ortho} of C_6H_4), 163.3 (dd, $^5J_{PC}=2.8$, $^1J_{FC}=248.8$, C_{para} of C_6H_4). / **m/z** (CI): 281 ($M+1$ ^{35}Cl , 100), 283 ($M+1$ ^{37}Cl , 33), 298 ($M+18$ ^{35}Cl , 39), 300 ($M+18$ ^{37}Cl , 11).

*Diethyl α -chloro-4-chlorobenzylphosphonate (5f)*¹⁵ $C_{11}H_{15}O_3Cl_2P$ ($M=297$) : **^{31}P -NMR** +16.4 (s). / **1H -NMR** 1.10 (t, $^3J_{HH}=7.0$, 3H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 1.22 (t, $^3J_{HH}=7.0$, 3H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 3.78-4.01 (m, 2H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 4.08 (p, $^3J_{HH}=^3J_{PH}=7.0$, 2H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 4.79 (d, $^2J_{PH}=14.3$, 1H, $CHCl$), 7.24 (d, $^3J_{HH}=8.5$, 2H, H_{meta} of C_6H_4), 7.44 (dd, $^3J_{HH}=8.5$, $^4J_{PH}=1.6$, 2H, H_{ortho} of C_6H_4). / **^{13}C -NMR** 16.6 (d, $^3J_{PC}=7.3$, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 16.9 (d, $^3J_{PC}=6.9$, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 53.3 (d, $^1J_{PC}=160.2$, $CHCl$), 64.4 (d, $^2J_{PC}=7.2$, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 64.7 (d, $^2J_{PC}=6.4$, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 129.2 (s, C_{meta} of C_6H_4), 130.7 (d, $^3J_{PC}=6.0$, C_{ortho} of C_6H_4), 133.3 (d, $^2J_{PC}=3.0$, C_{ipso} of C_6H_4), 135.4 (d, $^5J_{PC}=2.8$, C_{para} of C_6H_4). / **m/z** (CI): 297 ($M+1$ $2*^{35}Cl$, 100), 299 ($M+1$ $^{35}Cl+^{37}Cl$, 69), 301 ($M+1$ $2*^{37}Cl$, 14), 314 ($M+18$ $2*^{35}Cl$, 67), 316 ($M+18$ $^{35}Cl+^{37}Cl$, 47), 318 ($M+18$ $2*^{37}Cl$, 9).

*Diethyl α -chloro-4-bromobenzylphosphonate (5g)*¹⁵ $C_{11}H_{15}O_3ClBrP$ ($M=341.5$) : **^{31}P -NMR** +16.4 (s). / **1H -NMR** 1.03 (t, $^3J_{HH}=7.1$, 3H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 1.15 (t, $^3J_{HH}=7.1$, 3H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 3.71-3.94 (m, 2H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_B$), 4.03 (p, $^3J_{HH}=^3J_{PH}=7.1$, 2H, $(CH_3CH_2O)_A$), 4.75 (d, $^2J_{PH}=14.3$, 1H, $CHCl$), 7.25 (dd, $^3J_{HH}=8.7$, $^4J_{PH}=1.7$, 2H, H_{ortho} of C_6H_4), 7.33 (d, $^3J_{HH}=8.7$, 2H, H_{meta} of C_6H_4). / **^{13}C -NMR** 16.5 (d,

$^3J_{\text{PC}}=7.5$, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 16.7 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=6.7$, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 53.1 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=159.5$, $\underline{\text{CHCl}}$), 64.2 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=6.7$, ($\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 64.5 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=6.5$, ($\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 123.3 (d, $^5J_{\text{PC}}=3.0$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{para}}$ of C_6H_4), 130.8 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=6.0$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ortho}}$ of C_6H_4), 131.9 (s, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{meta}}$ of C_6H_4), 133.7 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=4.3$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ipso}}$ of C_6H_4). / **m/z** (CI): 341 (M+1 $^{35}\text{Cl}+^{79}\text{Br}$, 73), 343 (M+1 $^{37}\text{Cl}+^{79}\text{Br}$; $^{35}\text{Cl}+^{81}\text{Br}$, 100), 345 (M+1 $^{37}\text{Cl}+^{81}\text{Br}$, 23), 358 (M+18 $^{35}\text{Cl}+^{79}\text{Br}$, 53), 360 (M+18 $^{37}\text{Cl}+^{79}\text{Br}$; $^{35}\text{Cl}+^{81}\text{Br}$, 69), 362 (M+18 $^{37}\text{Cl}+^{81}\text{Br}$, 17).

Diethyl α -chloro-4-methoxybenzylphosphonate (5h) $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_4\text{ClP}$ (M=292.5) : **^{31}P -NMR** +17.6 (s). / **^1H -NMR** 1.23 (t, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=7.1$, 3H, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 1.38 (t, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=7.0$, 3H, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 3.85 (s, 3H, OCH_3), 3.87-4.16 (m, 2H, ($\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 4.24 (p, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=^3J_{\text{PH}}=7.1$, 2H, ($\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 4.93 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=13.7$, 1H, $\underline{\text{CHCl}}$), 6.93 (d, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=8.2$, 2H, $\underline{\text{H}}_{\text{meta}}$ of C_6H_4), 7.51 (dd, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=8.8$, $^4J_{\text{PH}}=2.0$, 2H, $\underline{\text{H}}_{\text{ortho}}$ of C_6H_4). / **^{13}C -NMR** 16.8 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=6.4$, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 17.0 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=4.6$, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 53.9 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=162.0$, $\underline{\text{CHCl}}$), 55.8 (s, OCH_3), 64.4 (t, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=7.2$, ($\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 64.6 (t, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=7.2$, ($\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 114.6 (s, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{meta}}$ of C_6H_4), 126.7 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=4.0$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ipso}}$ of C_6H_4), 130.8 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=6.2$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ortho}}$ of C_6H_4), 160.7 (d, $^5J_{\text{PC}}=2.6$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{para}}$ of C_6H_4). / **m/z** (CI): 293 (M+1 ^{35}Cl , 100), 295 (M+1 ^{37}Cl , 32), 310 (M+18 ^{35}Cl , 15), 312 (M+18 ^{37}Cl , 6).

Diethyl α -bromobenzylphosphonate (6a)^{10,16,30} $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_3\text{BrP}$ (M=307) : **^{31}P -NMR** +17.3 (s). / **^1H -NMR** 1.07 (t, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=7.0$, 3H, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 1.26 (t, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=7.0$, 3H, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 3.73-4.04 (m, 2H, ($\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 4.16 (p, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=^3J_{\text{PH}}=7.0$, 2H, ($\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 4.81 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=13.0$, 1H, $\underline{\text{CHBr}}$), 7.22-7.30 (m, 3H, $\underline{\text{H}}_{\text{meta,para}}$ of C_6H_5), 7.46-7.52 (m, 2H, $\underline{\text{H}}_{\text{ortho}}$ of C_6H_5). / **^{13}C -NMR** 16.7 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=5.1$, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 16.9 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=5.3$, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 42.0 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=159.5$, $\underline{\text{CHBr}}$), 64.5 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=6.0$, ($\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 64.6 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=6.3$, ($\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 129.2 (s, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{meta}}$ of C_6H_5), 129.7 (s, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{para}}$ of C_6H_5), 130.0 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=7.1$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ortho}}$ of C_6H_5), 135.1 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=3.0$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ipso}}$ of C_6H_5). / **m/z** (CI): 307 (M+1 ^{79}Br , 100), 309 (M+1 ^{81}Br , 100), 324 (M+18 ^{79}Br , 55), 326 (M+18 ^{81}Br , 55).

Diethyl α -bromo-2-fluorobenzylphosphonate (6b) $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{15}\text{O}_3\text{FBrP}$ (M=325) : **^{31}P -NMR** +16.2 (s). / **^{19}F -NMR** -114.0 (s, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{F}$). / **^1H -NMR** 1.06 (t, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=7.0$, 3H, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 1.22 (t, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=7.0$, 3H, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 3.99 (p, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=^3J_{\text{PH}}=7.0$, 2H, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 4.14 (p, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=^3J_{\text{PH}}=7.0$, 2H, ($\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 5.20 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=13.7$, 1H, $\underline{\text{CHBr}}$), 6.87-7.24 (m, 3H, $\underline{\text{H}}_{\text{ortho',meta,meta'}}$ of C_6H_4), 7.67-7.76 (m, 1H, $\underline{\text{H}}_{\text{para}}$ of C_6H_4). / **^{13}C -NMR** 16.5 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=5.8$, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 16.7 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=5.9$, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 33.9 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=164.5$, $\underline{\text{CHBr}}$), 64.3 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=7.8$, ($\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 64.6 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=5.3$, ($\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 115.7 (d, $^2J_{\text{FC}}=22.3$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{meta}}$ of C_6H_4), 122.5 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=14.7$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ipso}}$ of C_6H_4), 125.2 (d, $^4J_{\text{FC}}=2.9$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{meta'}}$ of C_6H_4), 131.2 (d, $^3J_{\text{FC}}=2.5$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ortho'}}$ of C_6H_4), 132.2 (s, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{para}}$ of C_6H_4), 159.9 (dd, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=9.1$, $^1J_{\text{FC}}=248.8$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ortho}}$ of C_6H_4). / **m/z** (CI): 325 (M+1 ^{79}Br , 100), 327 (M+1 ^{81}Br , 100), 342 (M+18 ^{79}Br , 77), 344 (M+18 ^{81}Br , 10).

Diethyl α -bromo-4-methylbenzylphosphonate (6c) $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_3\text{BrP}$ (M=321) : **^{31}P -NMR** +17.6 (s). / **^1H -NMR** 1.16 (t, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=7.1$, 3H, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 1.33 (t, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=7.1$, 3H, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 2.33 (s, 3H, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\underline{\text{CH}_3}$), 3.72-4.12 (m, 2H, ($\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 4.21 (p, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=^3J_{\text{PH}}=7.1$, 2H, ($\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 4.87 (d, $^2J_{\text{PH}}=12.8$, 1H, $\underline{\text{CHBr}}$), 7.15 (d, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=8.0$, 2H, $\underline{\text{H}}_{\text{meta}}$ of C_6H_4), 7.45 (dd, $^3J_{\text{HH}}=8.0$, $^4J_{\text{PH}}=1.6$, 2H, $\underline{\text{H}}_{\text{ortho}}$ of C_6H_4). / **^{13}C -NMR** 16.7 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=5.9$, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{A}}$), 16.9 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=6.0$, ($\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}_{\text{B}}$), 21.8 (s, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\underline{\text{CH}_3}$), 41.9 (d, $^1J_{\text{PC}}=161.2$, $\underline{\text{CHBr}}$), 64.7 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=6.0$, $\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}}$), 129.8 (s, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ortho}}$ of C_6H_4), 129.9 (s, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{meta}}$ of C_6H_4), 131.9 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=3.8$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{ipso}}$ of C_6H_4), 139.6 (d, $^5J_{\text{PC}}=2.8$, $\underline{\text{C}}_{\text{para}}$ of C_6H_4). / **m/z** (CI): 321 (M+1 ^{79}Br , 100), 323 (M+1 ^{81}Br , 100), 338 (M+18 ^{79}Br , 30), 340 (M+18 ^{81}Br , 30).

Diethyl α -bromo-4-fluorobenzylphosphonate (6d) C₁₁H₁₅O₃FBrP (M=325) : **³¹P-NMR** +17.4 (s). / **¹⁹F-NMR** -115.5 (s, C₆H₄F). / **¹H-NMR** 1.00 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 1.18 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 3.64-3.99 (m, 2H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 4.02 (p, ³J_{HH}=³J_{PH}=7.0, 2H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 4.74 (d, ²J_{PH}=13.1, 1H, CHBr), 6.88 (t, ³J_{HH}=³J_{FH}=8.6, 2H, H_{meta} of C₆H₄), 7.38-7.46 (m, 2H, H_{ortho} of C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 16.5 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.0, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 16.7 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.0, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 40.9 (d, ¹J_{PC}=160.3, CHBr), 64.3 (d, ²J_{PC}=6.4, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 64.5 (d, ²J_{PC}=6.7, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 116.0 (d, ²J_{FC}=22.1, C_{meta} of C₆H₄), 131.1 (d, ²J_{PC}=3.0, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄), 131.8 (t, ³J_{PC}=³J_{FC}=7.6, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 163.2 (dd, ⁵J_{PC}=3.0, ¹J_{FC}=251.5, C_{para} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 325 (M+1 ⁷⁹Br, 10), 327 (M+1 ⁸¹Br, 10), 342 (M+18 ⁷⁹Br, 100), 344 (M+18 ⁸¹Br, 100).

Diethyl α -bromo-4-chlorobenzylphosphonate (6e) C₁₁H₁₅O₃ClBrP (M=341.5) : **³¹P-NMR** +16.8 (s). / **¹H-NMR** 1.07 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 1.23 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 3.75-4.03 (m, 2H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 4.12 (p, ³J_{HH}=³J_{PH}=7.0, 2H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 4.76 (d, ²J_{PH}=13.2, 1H, CHBr), 7.21 (d, ³J_{HH}=8.5, 2H, H_{meta} of C₆H₄), 7.41 (dd, ³J_{HH}=8.5, ⁴J_{PH}=1.6, 2H, H_{ortho} of C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 16.4 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.1, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 16.7 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.1, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 40.9 (d, ¹J_{PC}=160.0, CHBr), 64.5 (d, ²J_{PC}=6.5, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 64.8 (d, ²J_{PC}=7.3, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 129.3 (s, C_{meta} of C₆H₄), 131.3 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.2, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 133.7 (d, ²J_{PC}=2.8, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄), 135.3 (s, C_{para} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 341 (M+1 ³⁵Cl+⁷⁹Br, 78), 343 (M+1 ³⁷Cl+⁷⁹Br; ³⁵Cl+⁸¹Br, 100), 345 (M+1 ³⁷Cl+⁸¹Br, 25), 358 (M+18 ³⁵Cl+⁷⁹Br, 60), 360 (M+18 ³⁷Cl+⁷⁹Br; ³⁵Cl+⁸¹Br, 78), 362 (M+18 ³⁷Cl+⁸¹Br, 19).

Diethyl α -bromo-4-bromobenzylphosphonate (6f) C₁₁H₁₅O₃Br₂P (M=386) : **³¹P-NMR** +16.6 (s). / **¹H-NMR** 1.03 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 1.19 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 3.71-3.98 (m, 2H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 4.08 (p, ³J_{HH}=³J_{PH}=7.0, 2H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 4.70 (d, ²J_{PH}=13.2, 1H, CHBr), 7.23-7.39 (m, 4H, C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 16.7 (d, ³J_{PC}=7.0, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 16.9 (d, ³J_{PC}=7.0, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 41.0 (d, ¹J_{PC}=159.1, CHBr), 64.5 (d, ²J_{PC}=6.9, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 64.7 (d, ²J_{PC}=7.2, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 123.4 (d, ⁵J_{PC}=3.0, C_{para} of C₆H₄), 131.4 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.9, C_{ortho} of C₆H₄), 132.2 (s, C_{meta} of C₆H₄), 134.1 (d, ²J_{PC}=3.1, C_{ipso} of C₆H₄). / **m/z** (CI): 385 (M+1 2*⁷⁹Br, 50), 387 (M+1 ⁷⁹Br+⁸¹Br, 100), 389 (M+1 2*⁸¹Br, 50), 402 (M+18 2*⁷⁹Br, 38), 404 (M+18 ⁷⁹Br+⁸¹Br, 73), 406 (M+18 2*⁸¹Br, 38).

Diethyl α -iodobenzylphosphonate (7a) C₁₁H₁₆O₃IP (M=354) : **³¹P-NMR** +19.6 (s). / **¹H-NMR** 1.08 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 1.26 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 3.76-4.05 (m, 2H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 4.14 (p, ³J_{HH}=³J_{PH}=7.0, 2H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 4.96 (d, ²J_{PH}=13.5, 1H, CHI), 7.22 (m, 3H, H_{meta,para} of C₆H₅), 7.48 (m, 2H, H_{ortho} of C₆H₅). / **¹³C-NMR** 15.4 (d, ¹J_{PC}=156.6, CHI), 16.5 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.0, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 16.7 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.0, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 64.7 (d, ²J_{PC}=7.7, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 65.0 (d, ²J_{PC}=7.3, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 129.2 (s, C_{meta} of C₆H₅), 129.3 (s, C_{para} of C₆H₅), 130.1 (d, ³J_{PC}=6.6, C_{ortho} of C₆H₅), 136.5 (d, ²J_{PC}=3.0, C_{ipso} of C₆H₅). / **m/z** (CI): 355 (M+1, 100), 372 (M+18, 64).

Diethyl α -iodo-4-methylbenzylphosphonate (7b) C₁₂H₁₈O₃IP (M=368) : **³¹P-NMR** +20.7 (s). / **¹H-NMR** 1.24 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 1.34 (t, ³J_{HH}=7.0, 3H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 2.37 (s, 3H, C₆H₄CH₃), 3.73-4.05 (m, 2H, (CH₃CH₂O)_B), 4.13 (p, ³J_{HH}=³J_{PH}=7.0, 2H, (CH₃CH₂O)_A), 5.09 (d, ²J_{PH}=13.5, 1H, CHI), 7.19 (d, ³J_{HH}=7.2, 2H, H_{meta} of C₆H₄), 7.41 (d, ³J_{HH}=7.2, 2H, H_{ortho} of C₆H₄). / **¹³C-NMR** 16.2 (d, ¹J_{PC}=160.2,

$\underline{\text{CH}}$), 16.6 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=6.0$, $\underline{\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}}$), 21.5 (s, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\underline{\text{CH}_3}$), 64.2 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=7.3$, $(\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_\text{B}$), 64.4 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=6.5$, $(\text{CH}_3\underline{\text{CH}_2\text{O}})_\text{A}$), 127.5 (d, $^3J_{\text{PC}}=5.8$, $\underline{\text{C}}_\text{ortho}$ of C_6H_4), 129.2 (s, $\underline{\text{C}}_\text{meta}$ of C_6H_4), 133.6 (s, $\underline{\text{C}}_\text{para}$ of C_6H_4), 138.1 (d, $^2J_{\text{PC}}=2.8$, $\underline{\text{C}}_\text{ipso}$ of C_6H_4). / **m/z** (CI): 369 (M+1, 100), 386 (M+18, 67).

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