3D model related to the publication: From limb to fin: an Eocene protocetid forelimb from Senegal sheds new light on the early locomotor evolution of early cetaceans.

Vautrin Quentin¹, Lihoreau Fabrice¹, Sambou Bernard², Thiam Moustapha², Martin Jérémy E.³, Tabuce Rodolphe¹, Adnet Sylvain¹, Lebrun Renaud¹, Charruault Anne-Lise¹, Sarr Raphaël^{2*}, Hautier Lionel^{1*}

¹Institut des Sciences de l'Evolution de Montpellier, Université Montpellier 2, CNRS, IRD, Cc 064; place Eugène Bataillon, 34095 Montpellier Cedex 5, France;

²Laboratoire de Biostratigraphie et Sédimentologie, Département de Géologie, Faculté des Sciences et Techniques, Université Cheikh-Anta-Diop de Dakar, B. P. 5005 Dakar-Fann, Sénégal.

³Univ. Lyon, ENS de Lyon, Université Claude Bernard Lyon 1, CNRS, UMR 5276 Laboratoire de Géologie de Lyon: Terre, Planètes, Environnement, F-69342 46 Allée d'Italie, Lyon, France

*Corresponding authors: Dr. Lionel Hautier and Pr. Raphaël Sarr. E-mails: lionel.hautier@univ-montp2.fr and rsarr@ucad.sn

Abstract

The present 3D Dataset contains the 3D model analyzed in Vautrin et al. (2019), Palaeontology, From limb to fin: an Eocene protocetid forelimb from Senegal sheds new light on the early locomotor evolution of early cetaceans.

<https://doi.org/10.1111/pala.12442>

Keywords: Cetacea, Eocene, Forelimb, Protocetidae, Senegal

Submitted:2019-04-26, published online:2019-08-26. <https://doi.org/10.18563/journal.m3.92>

Inv. nr.	Description
SNTB2011-01	3D model of an articulated forelimb of a Carolinacetus-like protocetid from Senegal

Table 1. Corresponding specimen and model. SNTB2011-01 is stored in the collection of the department of geology of the University Cheikh Anta Diop in Dakar.

INTRODUCTION

We present here the 3D model of a cetacean specimen discovered in middle Eocene phosphate deposits from Taïba Ndiaye (Western Senegal), which enabled for the first detailed description of an articulated forelimb in a derived protocetid found outside Asia (Vautrin et al. 2019). SNTB2011-01 consists of bones of a single individual removed from a limestone block after acid preparation. It includes two nearly complete thoracic vertebrae, three ribs, a pedal phalanx, a patella, a fragment of a right humerus, a complete right ulna, a fragmentary right radius and a right autopod. Only the elements of the stylopod, zeugopod, and autopod are presented here. SNTB2011-01 is stored in the collection of the department of geology of the University Cheikh Anta Diop in Dakar.

METHODS

The bones of SNTB 2011-01 were imaged using a NextEngine 3-dimensional desktop scanner (NextEngine, Inc, Santa Monica, California) for the stylopod and zeugopod, and with high-resolution microtomography (μCT) at the MRI platform of the Institut des Sciences de l'Evolution de Montpellier (ISE-M) for the autopod. The 3D surfaces of the autopod elements were extracted semi-automatically with AVIZO 9.2 (FEI) using the

segmentation threshold selection tool. 3D virtual restoration was performed with MorphoDig software (Lebrun 2018). The metacarpals III to V, the pyramidal, the lunar, the scaphoid, the unciform, the magnum, and the trapezoid were all found in anatomical connection and were left in their original position. The trapezium was moved and repositioned in articulation with the scaphoid. The metacarpal II was moved distally to articulate with the magnum. Following the reconstructions of *Maiacetus inuus*, *Rodhocetus kasranii*, and *Dorudon atrox* (Gingerich et al. 2001, 2009; Uhen 2004), the pisiform, the metacarpal I, and the proximal, medial and distal phalanges were repositioned in connection with other elements. The 3D surface model of the complete forelimb (Fig. 1 and table 1) is provided in .ply format, and can therefore be opened with a wide range of freeware.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We thank the Department of Geology of the University Cheikh-Anta-Diop of Dakar, especially Professor El Hadji Sow (Head of Department). We are very grateful to M. El Hadji Mansour Sambe (Director of Mineral resources and Geology) and M. Ibrahima Gaye (Director of the Mine site) for providing full access to the quarry of Taïba Ndiaye and support from the local miners (especially F. Lassy and C. Toumani). We are also very grateful to Laurent Marivaux (Institut des Sciences de l'Evolution de Montpellier) for his support and advice. 3D data acquisitions were partly performed using the μCT facilities of the MRI platform member of the national infrastructure France-BioImaging supported by the French National Research Agency (ANR-10-INBS-04, «Investments for the future»), and of the Labex CEMEB (ANR-10-LABX-0004) and NUmEV (ANR-10-LABX-0020). We also thank Suzanne Jiquel (Institut

Figure 1. 3D reconstruction of the Senegalese right forelimb (SNTB 2011-01) in dorsal (A) and palmar (B) views. The zeugopod elements are coloured in yellow, carpals are in cyan, metacarpals in blue, phalanges in violet, and sesamoids in green. Scale bar: 5cm.

des Sciences de l'Evolution de Montpellier) for access to comparative material. This research is part of the PaleoSen project (www.paleosen.com), and was supported by the French ANR-PALASIAFRICA Program (ANR-08-JCJC-0017), PICS-CNRS, the International Exchange Scheme of the Royal Society, and the National Geographic Society's Global Exploration Fund (Northern Europe). Lionel Hautier also gratefully acknowledges Sidney Sussex College (Cambridge, UK).

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