The Gigatracker, the silicon beam tracker for the NA62 experiment at CERN

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The GigaTrackEr, the silicon beam tracker for the NA62 experiment at CERN

Luca Federici

On behalf of the NA62 GigaTrackEr group

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The GigaTrackEr, the silicon beam tracker for the NA62 experiment at CERN

Luca Federici

On behalf of the NA62 GigaTracker group

Outline

- Introduction;
- Specifications;
- GTK description;
- GTK performances;
- NA62 data;
- Conclusions.

Introduction – The NA62 experiment

$$B_{\text{SM}}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) = (8.4 \pm 1) \times 10^{-11} \quad \text{Standard Model prediction}$$

Goal → 10% precision in few years of data taking

$$p_{2\text{nd}} = 75 \text{ GeV @ 750 MHz}$$

$$\pi^+(70\%), p(23\%), K^+(6\%)$$

Specifications

High precision measurement of:

- Direction (GTK1+ GTK3)
- Momentum (GTK1+GTK3+GTK2)
- And particle arrival time

Direction and momentum used
to reconstruct the missing mass

$$\theta_{x,y} = p_{x,y}/p_z = 16\mu\text{rad}$$

$$\delta p/p = 0.2\%$$

Specifications

Min. inelastic scattering → max material budget = $0.5\%X_0/\text{station}$

Particle tracks reconstruction → Pixel time-stamp resolution < 200ps

particle fluence at nominal intensity during 100 days:

$$2 \times 10^{14} \text{ 1MeV } n_{\text{eq}}/\text{cm}^2$$

Design of compact, standard modules to be rapidly replaced (within half a day) before significant performance degradation

the sensor

Sensitive region of 27 x 60 mm²

n-in-p type

200 μm thick (0.2% X₀)

Bump bonded to 10 ROC

the TDCPix

- 130nm technology.
- 100 μm thick (0.1% X_0)
- Pixel size 300 x 300 μm^2
- 1800 pixels
- amp. peak time = 5ns
- TDC bin size = 98ps
- SEU mitigation
- hit time-stamp and pixel address encoded into a 48bits word
- 4x3.2 GHz serializers

Power dissipation 4.1W

40x45
Pixel matrix
Hit digitization

EOC

Timestamp

serialization

the micro-channels cooling plate

Detector in vacuum ($\sim 10^{-7}$ mbar)

- micro-channels technology
- 210 μm thick ($0.2\% X_0$)
- 70 x 80 mm^2
- liquid coolant C_6F_{14}
- front-end electronics and sensor at -10°C

See A. Mapelli talk on Wednesday 20

The carrier board

- chips sensor and cooling plate assembly hosted in the countersink of the carrier board
- 14 layer T-shaped PCB
- sealed in an aluminum frame
- 1450 bonding pads spaced by $73\text{ }\mu\text{m}$
- opto-electrical devices

The GigaTraKer Module

Sensor
side

The GigaTraKer Module

cooling
plate
side

Performance

First GTK station installed in 2014

Three stations commissioned and integrated in the NA62 data taking since 2016

The measured GTK time-stamp resolution:

- 132.0 ps for GTK1
- 127.1 ps for GTK2
- 129.2 ps for GTK3

Performance

Average integrated fluence of the three GTK stations in 2016-2017

Performance

Degradation of the three GTK stations in 2016-2017

Performance

Degradation of the three GTK stations in 2016-2017

NA62 data

- the analysis of the data collected by NA62 in 2017 and 2018 is ongoing;

Conclusions

The first full NA62 GTK station has been installed in 2014

The three GTK stations have been integrated in the NA62 data taking in 2016

The GTK detector have been operating successfully since then until the end of the 2018 physics run.