



## L'ingénierie des laccases fongiques et ses applications environnementales

Christian Mougin, Claude Jolivalt, Pierre Briozzo, Catherine Madzak

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# **L'ingénierie des laccases fongiques et ses applications environnementales**

Christian Mougin, Claude Jolivalt, Pierre Briozzo, Catherine Madzak



# What are laccases ?

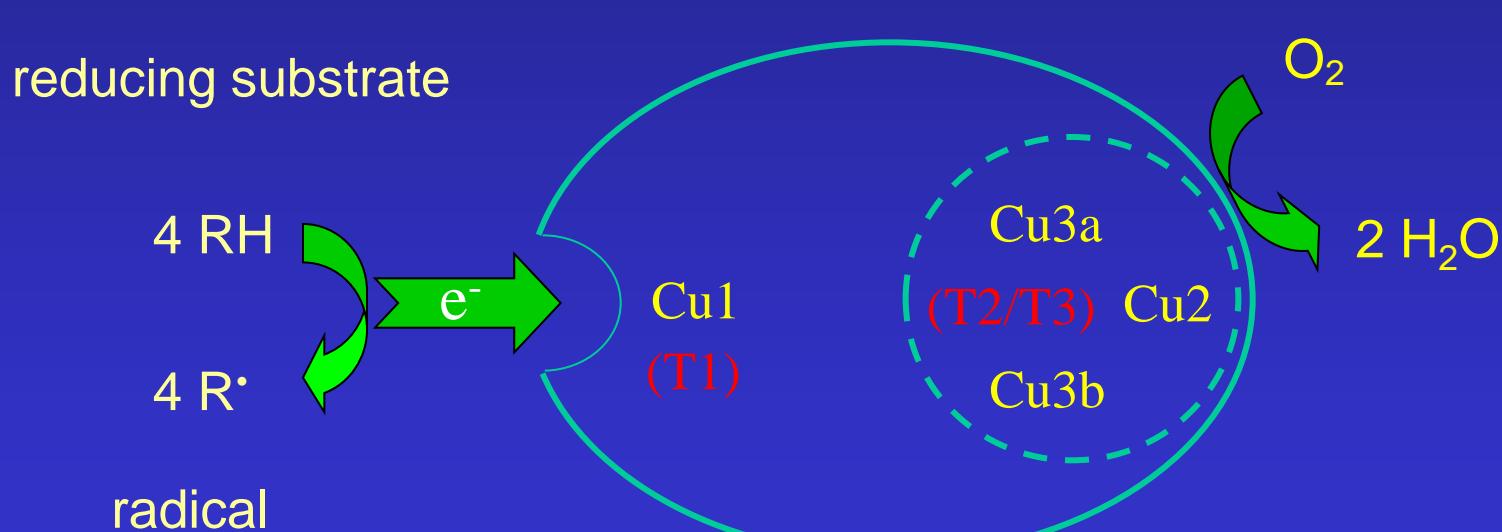


oxidases produced by plants (*Rhus vernicifera*)  
insects (*Bombyx*)  
bacteria (*Azospirillum lipoferum*)  
fungi (*Trametes versicolor*)

extracellular glycoproteins containing copper

520 to 550 aa, 60 to 80 kD

high redox potential: 0.7 V



# Functions of fungal laccases

## 1 - natural

biodegradation of ligno-cellulosic materials  
morphogenesis, pathogenesis....

## 2 - industrial

textile, dye and food industry  
pulp paper bleaching

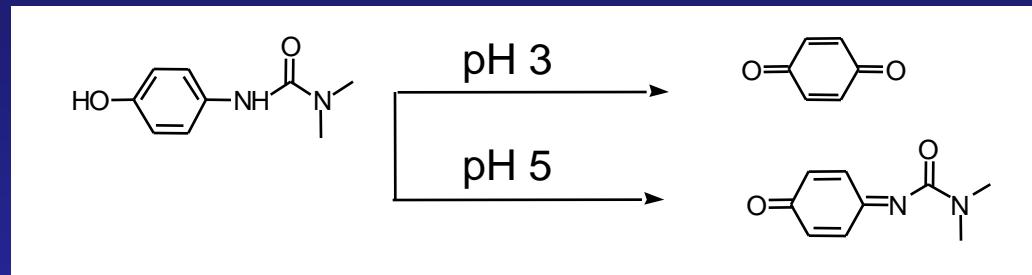
## 3 - environmental

biotransformation of xenobiotics (pollutants)

→ an increasing interest

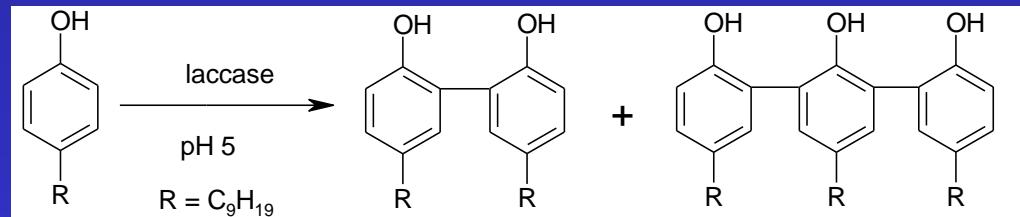
## Direct oxidation: phenols, amines

- oxidation of phenylurea herbicides



Jolivalt C., Raynal A., Caminade E., Kokel B., le Goffic F., Mougin C., Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol., 1999, 51:676-681

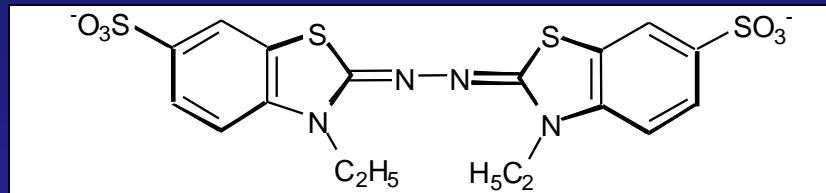
- oxydative coupling of nonylphenol



Dubroca J., Brault A., Kollmann A., Touton I., Jolivalt C., Kerhoas L., Mougin C., Springer Book, 2003 (in press)

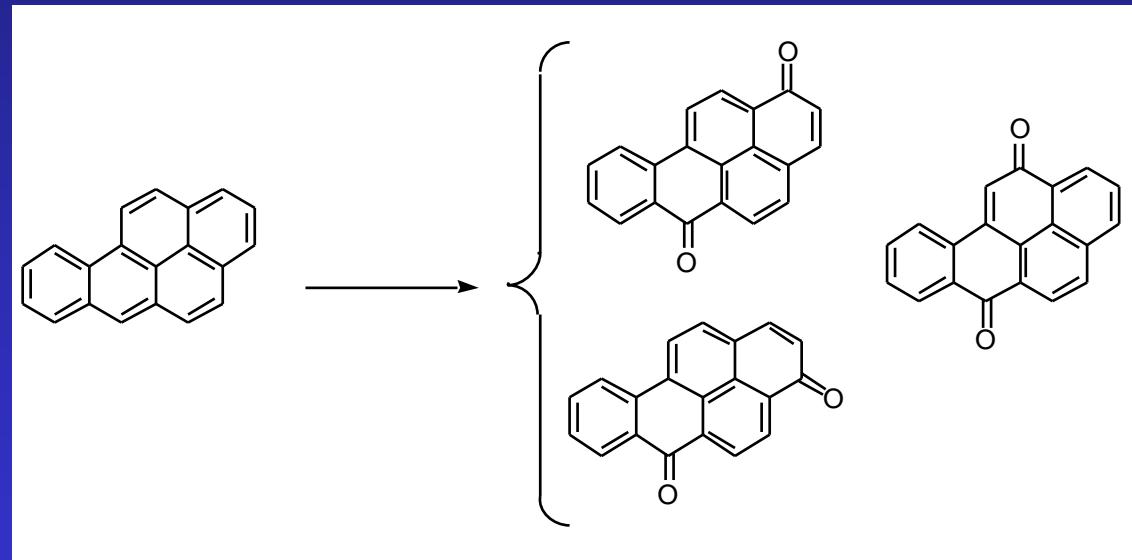
# Indirect oxidation

→ a redox mediator is needed:



2,2'-azino-bis(3-ethylbenz-thiazoline-6-sulfonic acid): ABTS

- benzo[a]pyrene oxidation



Rama R., Mougin C., Boyer F.-D., Kollmann A., Malosse C., Sigoillot J.-C., Biotechnol. Letters, 1998, 20:1101-1104

# Our objectives

biotransformation mechanisms, development of tools

1

bioremediation of  
polluted media

2

assessment of  
ecotoxicological impact



studies concerning fungal laccases

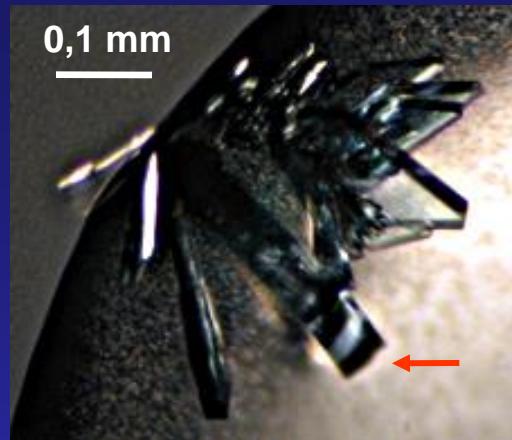
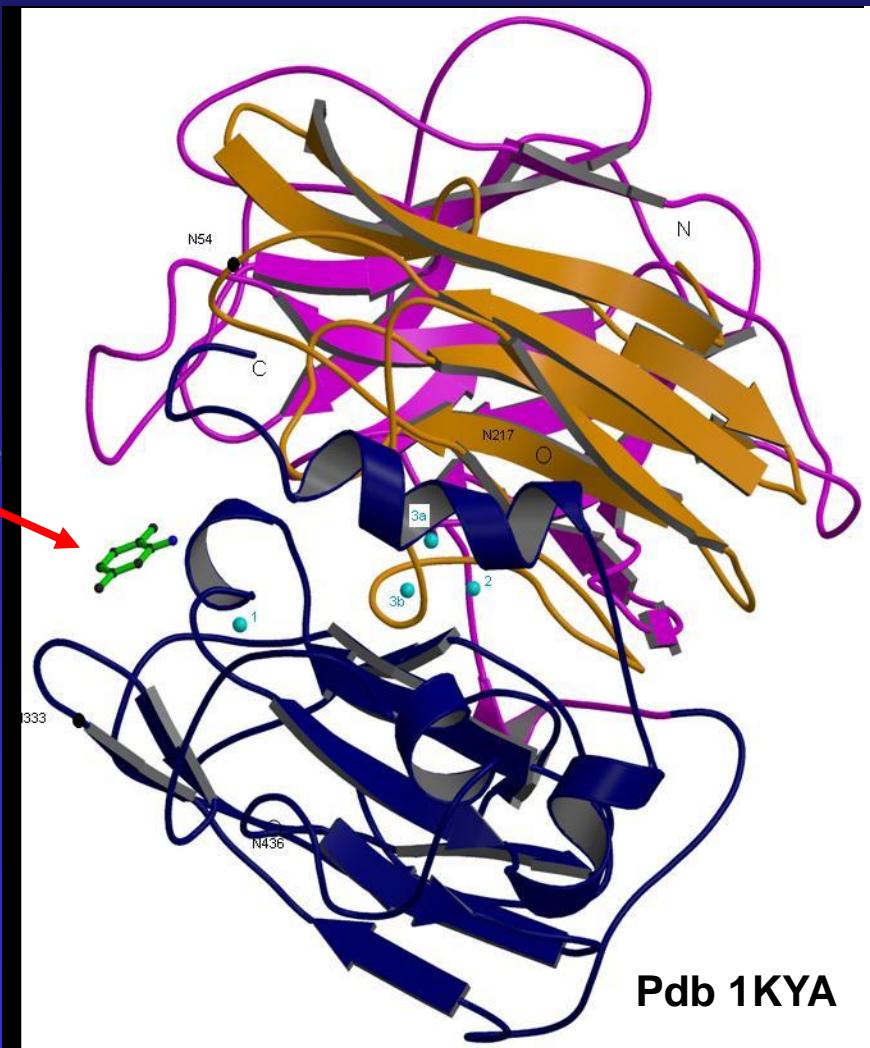


structure (mode of action) gene expression



# Crystal structure of the laccase from *T. versicolor*

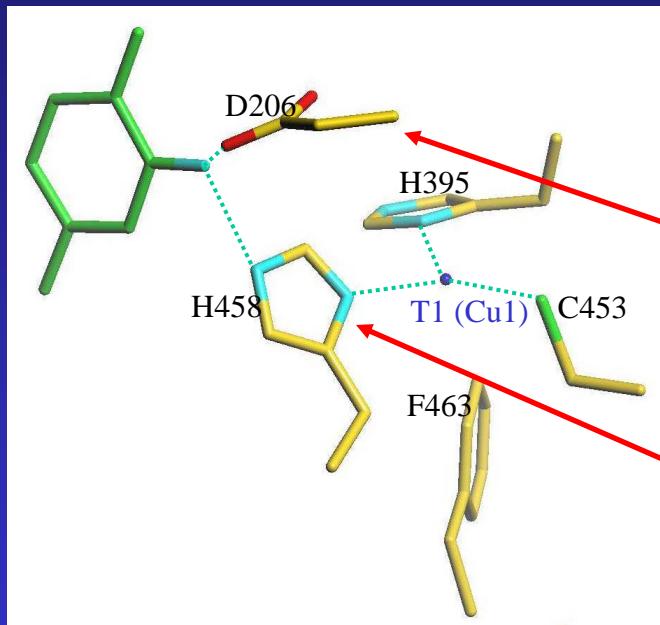
xylidine



- , copper atoms
- ● , glycosylation sites

- the laccase is active and contains 4 copper atoms
- a reducing substrate is bound to the active site (presence of a cavity)

# T1 site and neighbouring of 2,5-xylidine

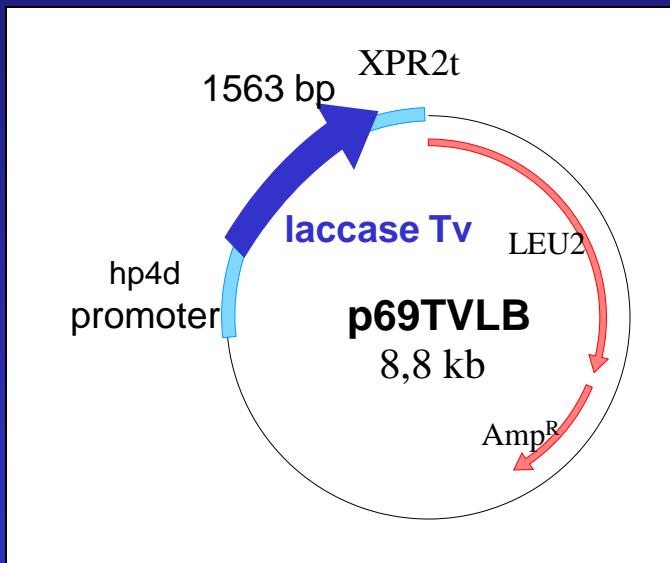


Two aminoacids interact with the amino group of the xylidine:

- D206, an acidic residue responsible of pH impact on the transformation rate of xenobiotics?
- H458, an electron acceptor

# Expression of the fungal laccase in the yeast *Yarrowia lipolytica*

- the gene encoding the laccase has been cloned and sequenced (Genbank AF414109), then expressed in *E. coli* and *Y. lipolytica*



*Y. lipolytica* T-

transforms

10

8



*T. versicolor*

4

16

- the recombinant enzyme is characterized by Maldi-TOF

# Site-directed mutation in the *T. versicolor* laccase

## wild enzyme

### avantages

robust, extracellular  
phenols, amines

### activity

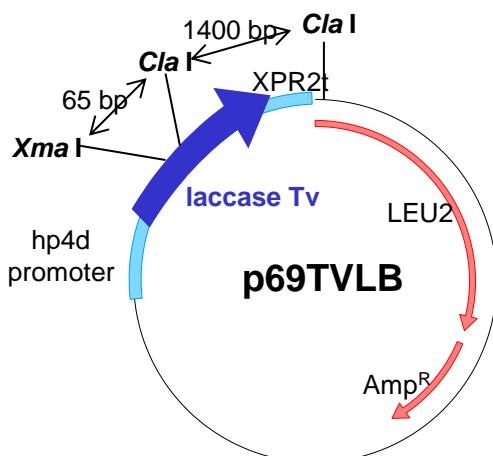
redox mediator  
acidic pH

## recombinant enzyme

### expected benefits

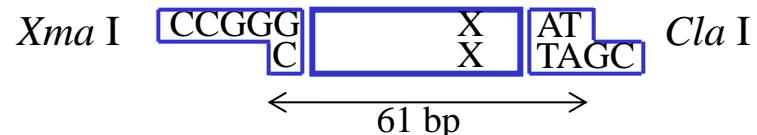
conserved properties  
wider substrate specificity  
increased  $K_m$  and  $k_{cat}$   
increased  $E^\circ$   
neutral pH

## 2 - vector preparation



## 3 - ligation

## 1 - insert design for modified T1 site

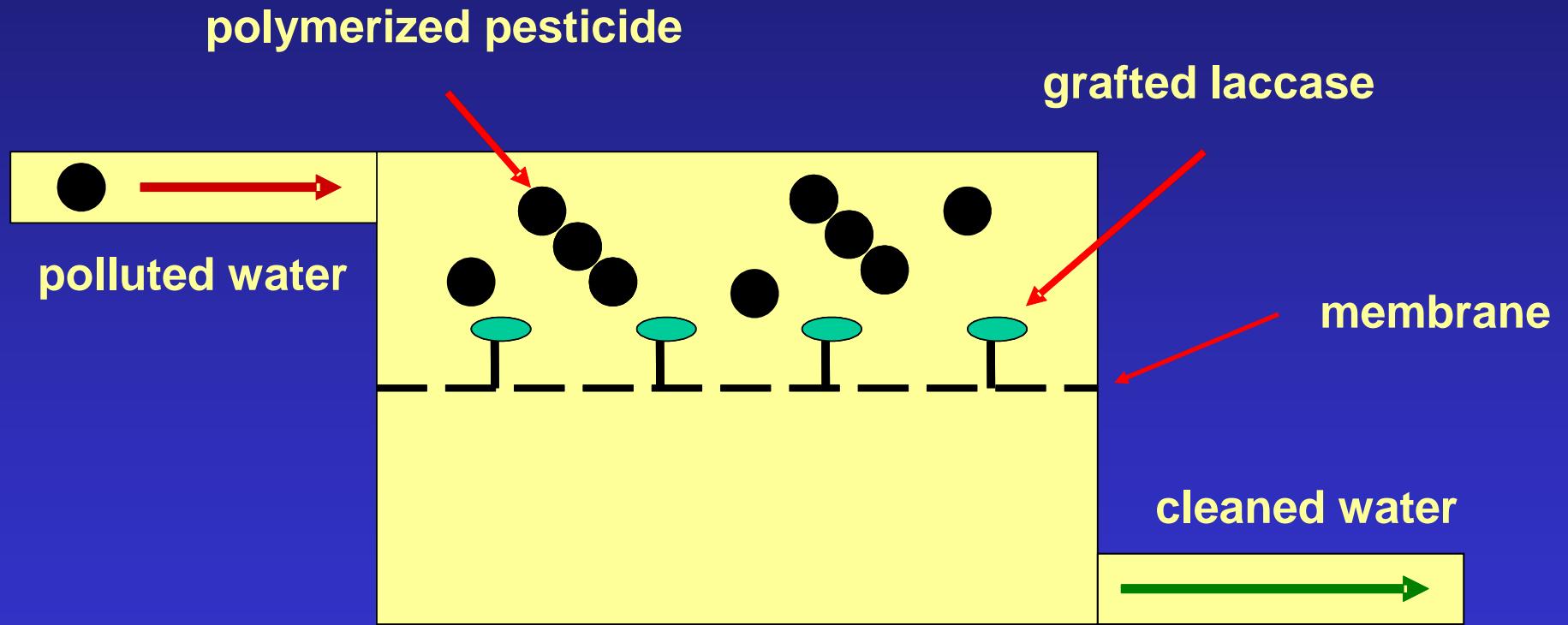


## 4 - expression in *E. coli* → 3 mutants

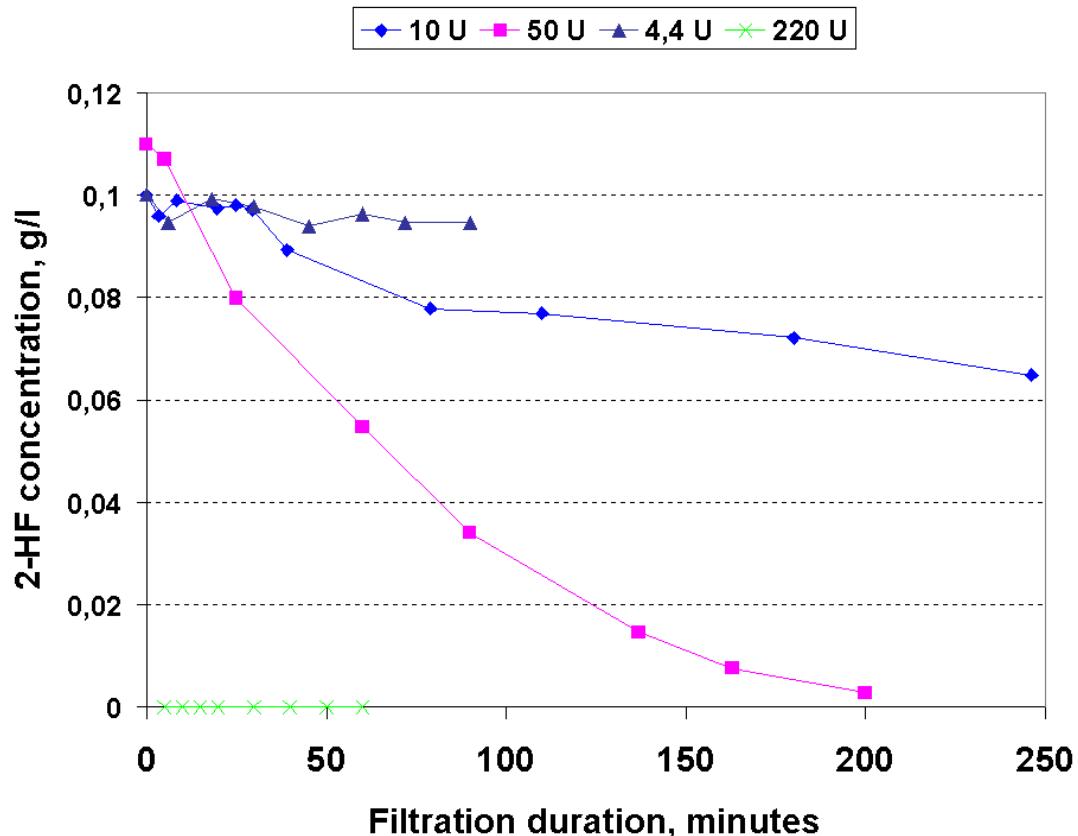
## 5 - expression in *Y. lipolytica*

## 6 - protein analysis

# A protein-grafted membrane to remove pollutants from waters



# Laccase degradation efficiency



■ Removal efficiency of 2-HF in the filtrate increases with the amount of grafted laccases

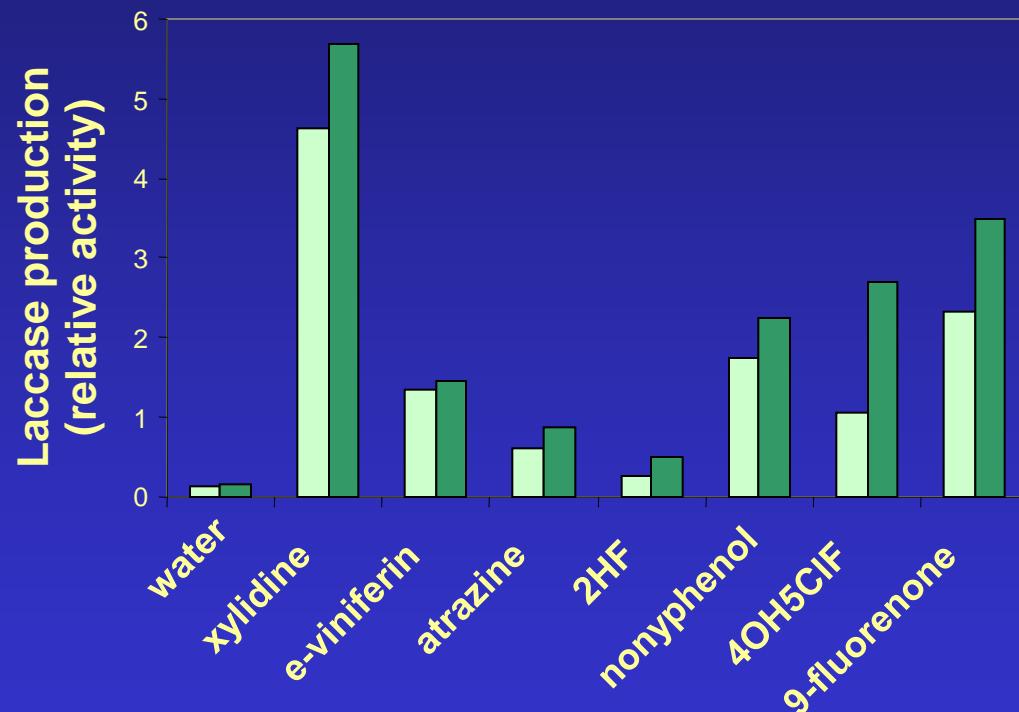
Filtration module: Minitan S  
120 cm<sup>2</sup> planar membranes  
grafted with 4,4, 10, 50 and 220  
laccase activity units.  
2-HF initial concentration 0.1 g/L  
in acetate buffer 0.05 M, pH 5  
T=22°C.

Jolivalt C., Brenon S., Caminade E., Mougin C., Pontié M., J. Memb. Sci., 2000, 180:103-113.

# Assessment of ecotoxicological impact on soil organisms

→ induction of fungal laccases by xenobiotics

treatment of 4-days cultures of *T. versicolor* by xenobiotics at 0.5 mM  
measurement of laccase activity after 2 (●) and 3 (○) days



Mougin C., Kollmann A., Jolivalt C., Biotechnol. Letters, 2002, 24:139-142

# **Assessment of ecotoxicological impact on soil organisms**

## **Towards fungal genomics for applied environmental microbiology?**

- 1 - measurement of enzymatic activity: some problems
- 2 - expression of gene encoding laccase
- 3 - expression of genes encoding exoenzymes (Lac, MnP, LiP, CdH...)
- 4 - expression of genes involved in metabolic pathways and cellular cycles  
→ transcriptomics (gene profiling, DNA microarray) proteomics

# Acknowledgments

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Organic chemistry and mass spectrometry

C. Malosse, L. Kerhoas, F.-D. Boyer, P.-H. Ducrot, B. Kokel,  
J.-P. le Caer

Reactor

M. Pontié

