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Bounded-phase chaotic dynamics in a vectorial laser

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ABSTRACT : We show experimentally that the beat-note signal of the two polarization modes of a dual-frequency laser can be chaotic and at the same time be frequency-locked to a master radio-frequency oscillator.

Dual-frequency laser with frequency-shifted feedback

Context : dual-polarisation **dual-frequency** laser → **opto-RF source**
can be stabilized and/or synchronized on an external reference
by an electronic or **optical** feedback.

Optical frequency-shifted feedback (FSF).

→ coupling between modes through external driving at f_{ref} with intensity Γ and **frequency detuning** $\delta\nu - f_{\text{ref}}$.

- Thévenin et al., "Phase and intensity dynamics of a two-frequency laser submitted to resonant frequency-shifted feedback," *PRA* **86**, 33815 (2012).
- Romanelli et al., "Measuring the universal synchronization properties of driven oscillators across a Hopf instability," *Optics Express* **22**, 7364 (2014).

Chaotic bounded phase: simulation and observation

Normalized « rate equations » dynamical model for the two polarization modes:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{de_x}{ds} = \frac{m_x + \beta m_y}{1 + \beta} \frac{e_x}{2} \\ \frac{de_y}{ds} = \frac{m_y + \beta m_x}{1 + \beta} \frac{e_y}{2} + i\Delta e_y + \Gamma e_x \end{cases}$$

Coupling by reinjection $e_x \rightarrow e_y$

various dynamics
are computed in the resonant injection regime

$$\frac{dm_{x,y}}{ds} = 1 - (|e_{x,y}|^2 + \beta|e_{y,x}|^2) - \varepsilon[1 + (\eta - 1)(|e_{x,y}|^2 + \beta|e_{y,x}|^2)]$$

populations

$s = 2\pi f_R t$: characteristic time of the system, based on relaxation oscillations frequency ($f_R = 70\text{kHz}$)
 $\Delta = (\delta\nu - f_{\text{ref}})/f_R$: frequency detuning.
 Γ : reinjection strength.

$e_x = E_x e^{-2i\pi\nu_x t}$: normalized electric field.
 $e_y = E_y e^{-2i\pi(\nu_x + f_{\text{ref}})t}$: demodulated at f_{ref} , contains phase information.
 $\beta = 0,6$: coupling within active medium.
 $\varepsilon = 0,096$: cavity/active medium losses ratio.
 $\eta = 1,2$: pump parameter.

Stability (phase noise spectrum)

Is frequency locking still efficient ?
→ quantifying the quality of the opto-RF oscillator.

In the same way the bounded phase regime preserves the reference spectral purity, the chaotic bounded phase regime still allows to retain the long-time stability of the reference.

Conclusion

- Experimental demonstration of a chaotic bounded-phase regime (frequency locking with chaotic variations of intensity and phase).
- Spectral purity and long-term stability of the reference partially transferred to the opto-RF oscillator.
- Possible applications : chaotic Lidar-Radar proof-of-concept (ongoing, promising results) ; transfer to higher frequencies using semiconductor lasers.

Article : Thorette et al. "Frequency-locked chaotic opto-RF oscillator", *Optics Letters* **41**, 2839 (2016). Also on <https://arxiv.org/abs/1606.09464>

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