

Orbital elements of double stars: ADS 4376, 12540 and 14783

Marco Scardia, Jean-Louis Prieur, Luigi Pansecchi, Robert W. Argyle

▶ To cite this version:

Marco Scardia, Jean-Louis Prieur, Luigi Pansecchi, Robert W. Argyle. Orbital elements of double stars: ADS 4376, 12540 and 14783. Information circular - IAU Commission 26. Double stars, 2007, 162, pp.1. hal-00340023

HAL Id: hal-00340023 https://hal.science/hal-00340023

Submitted on 23 Nov 2019

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers. L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

INTERNATIONAL ASTRONOMICAL UNION COMMISSION 26

(DOUBLE STARS)

INFORMATION CIRCULAR No. 162 (JUNE 2007)

NEW ORBITS											
$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{ADS} \\ \alpha 2000 \delta \end{array}$	Name n	P a	T i	\mathbf{e} ω	$\Omega(2000)$ Last ob.	2007 2008	Author(s)				
$195 \\ 00152 + 2722$	J 868 0.3305	$ \begin{array}{r} 1089^{y}17 \\ 8''477 \end{array} $	1725.11 75°2	0.367 352°8	68°9 2006.9575	228°1 5″780 228.3 5.817	NOVAKOVIC				
$287 \\ 00209 + 1059$	BU 1093 0.7643	$471. \\ 0.545$	$1844.26 \\ 42.4$	$0.517 \\ 181.6$	$132.3 \\ 2005.029$	$\begin{array}{c} 117.2 \ 0.747 \\ 117.4 \ 0.750 \end{array}$	LING				
822 00596-0111	A 1903 2.8031	$128.43 \\ 0.359$	$1956.53 \\ 34.7$	0.154 90.1	137.3 1999.8175	$\begin{array}{c} 13.4 \ 0.351 \\ 15.8 \ 0.350 \end{array}$	DOCOBO & LING				
- 01345+7804	HDS 211 15.8311	$22.74 \\ 0.207$	$1996.99 \\ 127.7$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.462 \\ 28.5 \end{array}$	68.8 2006.9412	$\begin{array}{c} 236.6 \\ 0.289 \\ 232.1 \\ 0.283 \end{array}$	DOCOBO et al. (*)				
$1780 \\ 02202 + 2949$	A 961 2.5159	$143.09 \\ 0.294$	$2038.10 \\ 145.4$	$0.571 \\ 15.6$	150.0 2003.9517	$\begin{array}{c} 279.0 \ 0.308 \\ 277.4 \ 0.301 \end{array}$	NOVAKOVIC				
- 04258+1800	COU 2682 9.8093	$36.70 \\ 0.270$	$1995.20 \\ 60.1$	$0.017 \\ 54.4$	159.1 2000.873	$335.0\ 0.270$ $339.9\ 0.2732$	DOCOBO & TAMAZIAN				
4376 05491+6248	STF 3115 0.2628	$1370.0 \\ 1.585$	$2106.0 \\ 144.0$	$0.633 \\ 201.6$	89.1 2007.195	$340.2 \ 0.814$ $339.6 \ 0.811$	SCARDIA et al. (**)				
5212 06345-1114	HO 234 0.9424	$382.0 \\ 0.69$	$1915.26 \\ 54.4$	$0.345 \\ 183.2$	36.2 2003.9604	$358.7 \ 0.575$ $359.5 \ 0.581$	RICA				
5841 07106+1543	J 703 0.2647	$1360.20 \\ 12.699$	$3235.39 \\ 113.4$	$0.850 \\ 177.1$	96.2 2006.9583	$\begin{array}{c} 113.7 \ 9.384 \\ 113.6 \ 9.446 \end{array}$	CVETKOVIC				
- 08033+5251	HDS 1149 15.8451	$22.72 \\ 0.282$	$2009.24 \\ 124.4$	$0.115 \\ 252.3$	21.8 2006.9447	$\begin{array}{c} 185.0 \ 0.237 \\ 170.1 \ 0.200 \end{array}$	DOCOBO et al. (*)				
10049 16256-2327	H 2 19 AB 0.1502	$2397.54 \\ 4.250$	$2326.84 \\ 135.3$	$0.675 \\ 226.1$	77.5 2001.5260	338.8 2.918 338.7 2.913	NOVAKOVIC				

NEW ORBITS (continuation)											
$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{ADS} \\ \alpha 2000 \delta \end{array}$	Name n	P a	T i	\mathbf{e} ω	$\Omega(2000)$ Last ob.	2007 2008	Author(s)				
12540 19307+2758	MCA 55 Aac 1.6834	$213.86 \\ 0.536$	1998.00 154.9	$0.256 \\ 39.4$	170.4 2005.820	$\begin{array}{c} 107.1 \ 0.376 \\ 104.1 \ 0.376 \end{array}$	SCARDIA et al. (**)				
-19535+2405	DJU 4 0.5851	$615.26 \\ 1.555$	$2027.82 \\ 85.9$	$0.079 \\ 169.7$	68.1 2003.000	$\begin{array}{c} 246.3 \ 1.307 \\ 246.3 \ 1.314 \end{array}$	CVETKOVIC				
- 20151+3742	COU 2416 6.8886	$52.26 \\ 0.211$	$1995.83 \\ 36.9$	$0.432 \\ 255.7$	89.4 2005.5183	$\begin{array}{c} 106.5 \ 0.223 \\ 110.8 \ 0.230 \end{array}$	DOCOBO & LING				
14783 21137 + 6424	H 1 48 4.4060	$\begin{array}{c} 81.71 \\ 0.690 \end{array}$	$2003.54 \\ 83.7$	$0.805 \\ 45.2$	$62.0 \\ 2005.886$	$\begin{array}{c} 239.2 \ 0.313 \\ 240.3 \ 0.393 \end{array}$	SCARDIA et al. (**)				
- 22083+2409	HDS 3145 33.3056	$\begin{array}{c} 10.81 \\ 0.094 \end{array}$	$1997.67 \\ 151.8$	$0.488 \\ 311.3$	71.2 2006.6897	$\begin{array}{c} 229.2 \ 0.081 \\ 169.9 \ 0.048 \end{array}$	DOCOBO et al. (*)				
- 23334+4251	HDS 3356 18.8088	$\begin{array}{c} 19.14 \\ 0.256 \end{array}$	$2005.49 \\ 75.5$	$0.587 \\ 80.3$	$144.0 \\ 2006.9464$	322.3 0.172 328.7 0.220	DOCOBO et al. (*)				
- 23506-5142	SLR 14 3.0273	$\begin{array}{c} 118.9\\ 0.814\end{array}$	$1977.61 \\ 156.2$	$0.275 \\ 202.6$	45.1 2001.8701	$\begin{array}{c} 80.8 \ 0.842 \\ 78.4 \ 0.855 \end{array}$	DOCOBO & LING				

(*) DOCOBO, BALEGA & TAMAZIAN (**) SCARDIA, PRIEUR, PANSECCHI & ARGYLE

NOTES

- OTHER PAPERS PUBLISHED IN 2006
 - DOMMANGET, J.: La Détermination du Pole d'une Orbite d'Etoile Double Visuelle. Obervations et Travaux, 62, 5, 2006.
 - DOMMANGET, J. & NYS, O.: Erreurs relevées dans le Catalogue INDEX 1961,0 (Seconde série). Obervations et Travaux, 64, 21, 2006.
- ON THE POSSIBLE EXISTENCE OF A VERY LOW-MASS OBJECT IN THE TRIPLE STELLAR SYSTEM GLIESE 22 (HIP 2552).

Hierarchical triple system Gl 22 consists of three red dwarfs Aa, Ab and B. The orbital period of the inner orbit (pair Aa-Ab) is 15.64 yr, whereas that of the outer one (B relative to the mass center of Aa-Ab) is 223.4 yr. Both orbits are coplanar.

When determining the outer orbit, a weak sinusoidal pattern in the apparent motion of the component B has been noticed. It can be attributed to either a very unusual distribution of observational residuals or an unseen fourth body in the system. In the latter case, the star B would consist of the components Ba and Bb.

Under assumption of Bb to be a very low-mass object of $0.015M_{\odot}$ $(16M_J)$ on a circular orbit around Ba with a period of ~ 15yr, semimajor axis 0"35 and coplanar with other two orbits, the observational residuals of the outer orbit are improved. In such case, the component Ba would be moving relative to the mass center of the virtual pair Ba-Bb on an orbit with a semimajor axis of 0"03.

These motions are illustrated in the attached Fig. 1 on which blue line corresponds to the orbit of the Ba-Bb mass center relative to that of Aa-Ab and the red one shows the motion of the component Ba affected by the virtual component Bb. Similar to all visual, photographic and CCD observations, a single speckle measurement marked as "speckle (LC)" had initially been showing the position of B relative to the light center of Aa-Ab. For the orbits calculation, all such measurements have been reduced to the mass center of Aa-Ab.

J. A. Docobo, V. S. Tamazian, Y. Y. Balega, M. Andrade, D. Schertl, G. Weigelt and P. Campo



OMER NYS (1931-2007)

Born on 1 September 1931 at Tamise (Belgium), Omer NYS suddenly died at home in UCCLE (Brussels) on 20 January 2007, leaving behind him a lot of regrets and sadness.

He became a member of the Royal Observatory of Belgium on 1 April 1952 in the "assistant category" to the Scientific Staff and was directed to the Equatorial's Department under the leadership of Dr Sylvain AREND. He brightly passed the foreseen examinations to "climb" its successive degrees.

His excellent basic formation permits to initiate him very early with the various computation methods in astrometry, particularly in visual double star astronomy. Omer was thus logically conducted to acquire good knowledge in celestial mechanics and to participate in orbit computations. He also was involved in various shared domains as the computation of stellar masses and dynamical parallaxes as well as of the relative radial velocities of the components of a binary. He actively contributed in our researches leading to the discovery of a particular spatial organization of the visual double stars orbital planes (J. Dommanget, 2005).

His carrier has been exemplary as well by his desire to acquire some new competencies than by his steadiness in work. Having not been aware of such qualities of our collaborator, we would not have accepted the invitation made at a meeting at the Institut d'Astrophysique of Paris on april 15 1980, to collaborate in recording the available astrometric, photometric and spectroscopic data about the visual double stars needed to assure their correct observation by the HIPPARCOS satellite of the European Space Agency (ESA). This was a challenge, but it was with enthusiasm that we created the *Catalogue of the components of Double and Multiple stars - CCDM* (J. DOMMANGET & O. NYS, 1994), a more adapted version to the need of the mission, than the Index Catalogue of H. M. JEFFERS & W. H. van den BOS, managed at the time by our USNO colleague C. E. WORLEY (\dagger).

This has probably been our most extended collaboration on a common subject. Seeing that the satellite had completed his mission and the results being published (ESA, 1997), Omer Nys finally - almost alone - pursued the completion of the CCDM beyond his retirement and to this sorrowed day of January 20, 2007.

Many other important activities should be mentioned, as for instance his important collaboration in the development by S. AREND of his own researches on the *Orthogonal Polynomia*.

Omer was an upright, guarded and pleasant colleague.

All our sympathy goes to his wife and his family.

J. Dommanget

The deadline for contributions to Information Circular No. 163 is:

October 15th 2007

J. A. Docobo (oadoco@usc.es)
J. F. Ling (oafana@usc.es)
Tel. +34 981592747
Fax: +34 981597054

Observatorio Astronómico R. M. Aller P. O. Box 197 http://www.usc.es/astro Universidade de Santiago de Compostela SPAIN

ISSN: 1024-7769