

**Past volcanic aerosol
optical depths**

C. S. Zerefos et al.

Atmospheric effects of volcanic eruptions as seen by famous artists and depicted in their paintings

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Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

EGU

Abstract

Paintings created by famous artists, representing sunsets throughout the period 1500–1900, provide proxy information on the aerosol optical depth following major volcanic eruptions. This is supported by a statistically significant correlation coefficient (0.8) between the measured red-to-green ratios of 327 paintings and the corresponding values of the dust veil index. A radiative transfer model was used to compile an independent time series of aerosol optical depth at 550 nm corresponding to Northern Hemisphere middle latitudes during the period 1500–1900. The estimated aerosol optical depths range from 0.05 for background aerosol conditions, to about 0.6 following the Tambora and Krakatau eruptions and cover a time period mostly outside of the instrumentation era.

1 Introduction

Man-made forcing of climate change is complicated by the fact that it is superimposed on natural climate variability. The natural variability of climate on decadal-to-century time scales depends, among others, on the variability of volcanic stratospheric aerosols and atmospheric transparency. Intense optical phenomena observed worldwide during sunsets following major volcanic eruptions, caused by volcanic aerosols injected in the stratosphere which remained there for a period of few years after the eruption, have been reported by several authors (Symons, 1888; Sandick, 1890; Sapper, 1917; Shaw, 1936; Hymphreys, 1940; Lamb, 1970; Deirmendjian, 1973). Prominent among them are the eruptions of Awu (Indonesia-1641), of Katla (Iceland-1660), of Tongkoko (Indonesia-1680), of Laki (Iceland-1783), of Tambora (Indonesia-1815), of Babuyan (Philippines-1831), of Coseguina (Nicaragua-1835), and of Krakatau (Indonesia-1680, 1883). These optical phenomena have been attributed to the enhanced forward scattering caused by the volcanic aerosols into the stratosphere (Deirmendjian, 1973).

The effects of volcanic eruptions on climate, along with volcanic indices of impor-

ACPD

7, 5145–5172, 2007

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

EGU

tance to climate, have been recently discussed in the literature (Robock, 2000; Zielinski, 2000; Robertson, 2001). Volcanic aerosol indices include the Dust Veil Index (DVI), the Volcanic Explosivity Index (VEI) as well as ice core sulphate Index which go back to 1500 (Lamb, 1970; Zielinski, 2000; Newhall and Self, 1982). The present work aims at providing a new look at the reconstruction of the aerosol optical depth before, during and after major volcanic eruptions by studying the coloration of the atmosphere in paintings which portrayed sunsets in the period 1500–1900, i.e. when atmospheric observation were scarce and mostly non-existent. This was done by measuring the red to green ratios of more than 300 paintings as well as using model calculations to simulate and calibrate the measurements from the coloration in paintings as described in the following text.

2 Methodology

2.1 Criteria in selecting paintings

Paintings representing sunsets throughout the period 1500–1900 form the source of the observational material in this study. Most of these paintings were available in digital form at the official web sites of 109 museums and galleries (see <http://www.noa.gr/artaodformoredetails>). In the 400-year period of study (1500–1900) eleven major volcanic eruptions have been observed characterized by DVI larger than 250 (Lamb, 1970). In that same period, we have found 554 paintings from 181 painters, which have been divided into two groups: the group of “volcanic sunset paintings” and the group of “non-volcanic sunset paintings”. The group of “volcanic sunset paintings” includes those paintings that were created within a period of three years that followed a major volcanic eruption. The rest of the paintings (created before or at least three years after a major volcanic eruption) were considered to represent the background coloration of sunsets. Fifty four “volcanic sunset paintings” were found from 19 painters that fulfilled the above criteria and the additional criterion that a selected

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

painting should also be dated. Notable among the painters are Claude Lorrain, John Singleton Copley, Friedrich Caspar David, Joseph Mallord William Turner, Breton Jules, Edgar Degas, Alexander Cozens and Gustav Klimt. A complete list of all painters and paintings considered in this study can be found at <http://www.noa.gr/artaod>. Paintings for which no firm information as to the date of their creation existed, have been omitted in this study. Finally, we were left with 327 paintings fulfilling the above criteria, a full list of which can be found in Appendix A.

2.2 Chromatic ratios

In order to characterize the redness of the sunset sky, the chromatic ratio Red to Green (R/G) was calculated from the RGB values measured with the Adobe Photoshop package on the digitized paintings and when possible, also the solar zenith angle pertaining to each painting was calculated or estimated (see below). For the calculation of the R/G ratio we averaged the measured values over the field of view of the artist near the horizon. Red, so as green, yellow and blue, is a unique hue and by definition it cannot be described by the other unique hue alone or in combination (Wyszecki and Stiles, 1982). Each unique hue refers to the perceptual experience of that hue alone. Perceptual opponency of red/green forms the conceptual basis for quantifying the redness of monochromatic light. In a classic study, Jameson and Hurvich (Jameson and Hurvich, 1955) reasoned that the amount of redness in a monochromatic light can be measured by combining it with a second light that appears green when viewed alone (Shevell, 2003). It should be noted that color appearance is reasonably stable with increasing age of the painter (Scheffrin and Werner, 1990). Therefore, it is expected that abnormalities seen in time series of R/G values for each painter cannot be attributed to digression of the painters colour acuity due to age and could present colour perception of real natural abnormalities, such as those following eruptions, or abnormalities caused by psychological or cultural reasons. Thus R/G ratios can provide information on the perception of colours by the painter which are practically independent of aging and therefore they may be suitable to examine deviations of R/G values from those

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

that correspond to background atmospheric conditions at the time of the creation of the work of art. Appendix B shows a typical “non-volcanic” and a typical “volcanic” Sunset by Turner as an example. A list of the paintings and the estimated R/G values can be found in Appendix A of this paper.

5 2.3 Model description

In this study, the UVspec model (Mayer et al., 1997; Kylling et al., 1998) from the Library for Radiative Transfer package (LibRadTran, <http://www.libradtran.org>) was used to simulate the R/G ratios determined from the paintings. The model uses the pseudo-spherical Discrete Ordinates method (DISORT, Stamnes et al., 1988) to solve the radiative transfer equation using 16 streams. Irradiance and radiance spectra were calculated in 10 nm resolution and for the 15- to 85 degrees of solar zenith angle. The atmospheric composition and structure as used in the model was based on vertical profiles taken from the literature. The Air Force Geophysical Laboratory (AFGL) mid-latitude winter profiles were used for ozone, temperature and air pressure (Anderson et al., 1986). Rayleigh scattering cross-sections were calculated according to the analytic function proposed by Nicolet (1984). In this paper we calculated the direct and diffuse irradiance for the visible wavelength range (400–700 nm) for four stratospheric aerosol scenarios, keeping all other input parameters constant. The aerosol scenarios considered were a background stratospheric profile of the aerosol extinction and three aerosol profiles that corresponds to moderate, high and extreme volcanic dust. The runs were repeated for AOD values at 550 nm from 0 to 2 with a step of 0.01. From the above model runs estimates of the R/G ratios were determined by the model for various combinations of the aerosol model and the aerosol optical depth, and these estimates were compared to the ones that obtained from the paintings. This comparison allowed us to associate to each painting an estimate of the aerosol optical depth during the time of its creation.

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

3 Results and discussion

3.1 Chromatic ratios in art paintings at sunset versus DVI

Our analysis began by examining the artist's perception of sunsets by measuring chromatic ratios during each artist's lifetime. Very few artists have painted sunsets before, during and following major volcanic eruptions. We found only 5 painters which in their lifetime have painted sunsets falling in all these three categories. The time series of the R/G ratios for these five discreet painters is shown in Fig. 1 together with the corresponding series of DVI. We can see from Fig. 1 for example, that John Singleton Copley has "painted" an enhancement of 33% relative to a minimum R/G value in 1874. Joseph Mallord William Turner "painted" enhancements of 76.7% in 1818, 79.2% in 1832 and 97.7% in 1835, while Friedrich Caspar David observed enhancements of 89.5% in 1816, 51.3% in 1833 and 41.2% in 1835. Similarly Edgar Degas observed an enhancement of 68.4% in 1885. As can be seen from Fig. 1 the R/G value measured on paintings corresponding to a volcanic event, are 1.3–1.4 times greater than the R/G values before and after the event. Therefore, the observed departures of R/G chromatic ratios seen in Fig. 1, which coincide in time with major volcanic eruptions, can be tentatively attributed to the volcanic events and not to abnormalities in the color degradation due to age or other random factors affecting each painter's color perception.

Figure 2 shows mean annual values of R/G sunset ratios measured from paintings along with the percentage increase from the absolute minimum R/G value in the series (middle curve) together with the corresponding DVI values during 1500–1900. We note here that Fig. 2 includes 327 paintings, from a total of 554 examined, that fulfilled the criteria mentioned before and that their date could be determined or accurately estimated. From that figure we see an enhancement of mean annual R/G relative to the absolute minimum R/G value. The numbered peaks in that figure correspond to different eruptions as follows: 1. 1642 (Awu, Indonesia-1641), 2. 1661 (Katla, Iceland-1660), 3. 1680 (Tongkoko & Krakatau, Indonesia-1680), 4. 1784 (Laki, Iceland-1783),

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

5. 1816 (Tambora, Indonesia-1815), 6. 1831 (Babuyan, Philippines-1831), 7. 1835 (Coseguina, Nicaragua-1835), 8. 1883 (Krakatau, Indonesia-1883). As seen from Fig. 2, there is a remarkable correspondence between peaks in R/G values in years close to those when major volcanic eruptions occurred. The linear correlation coefficient between mean annual R/G values and DVI was found to be $r=0.827$ based on 88 pairs, which is of high statistical significance.

3.2 Dependence of the chromatic ratio on the solar zenith angle

The dependence of R/G ratios on solar zenith angle was studied by measuring the zenith angle with the following method: Wherever the exact date (time, day, year) and place of the painting is known, the solar zenith angle was computed. When that information was not available, the elevation of the sun was measured from the horizon and with the help of a fixed reference point on the painting, the solar zenith angle was calculated trigonometrically. In cases of uncertainty and when possible, the geometry of shadows provided additional help in approximating the solar zenith angle.

Figure 3 presents the variation of the measured R/G ratios versus the solar zenith angle averaged in 5° bins, for the two groups of volcanic and non-volcanic sunset paintings. In addition Fig. 3 shows the R/G ratios calculated from the model for the same solar zenith angles. The model calculates the diffuse irradiance ratio R/G computed for background aerosols and high volcanic aerosols. The wavelengths used are: $R=700$ nm and $G=550$ nm. Both in paintings and in the model, the R/G ratio for the volcanic sunsets was found to be higher than the corresponding ratio for the non-volcanic cases. This can be explained by Mie scattering, caused by the sulfate aerosol particles that are about the same size as visible light, which enhances the scattered radiation in the forward direction (Robock, 2000). For solar zenith angles greater than 80° the chromatic ratio R/G in the paintings is 1.4 times greater than the non-volcanic. The model shows that the ratio R/G due to extreme volcanic aerosols is 1.45 to 1.25 larger when compared to the ratio calculated for the background aerosols. As we see from Fig. 3, the model results when compared to the measured R/G ratios on paintings show

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

a systematic bias of about 30%. This bias was confirmed by examining R/G ratios for “Krakatau” paintings, and from measurements and estimation of the optical depth of the volcanic debris. This was done by measuring R/G ratios in W. Ascroft color drawings of sunsets which followed Krakatau in London (Symons, 1888). These color drawings have been constructed at known solar zenith angles of 92.6° and 99.5° , as calculated from the time, date and month of their drawing knowing London’s geographical coordinates.

3.3 Estimates of optical depth

To estimate the optical depth which could be attributed to each volcanic eruption, a nomogram of R/G values and aerosol optical depth was constructed for volcanic and non-volcanic aerosols using the UVspec model for three solar zenith angles as seen in Fig. 4. Before that the observed arbitrary R/G ratios have been adjusted for the systematic bias discussed in the previous paragraph. The estimate of the aerosol optical depth was done by converting the R/G measurements on paintings at a given solar zenith angle through the nomogram of Fig. 4 to optical depth at 550 nm. For the paintings where the sun was under the horizon and the calculation of the solar zenith angle was not possible, we hypothesized it to be 100° .

Figure 5a shows the time series of the aerosol optical depth from all paintings using the method described above along with the time series of DVI for the 400-year period 1500–1900. The estimated aerosol optical depth ranged from 0.05 for background aerosol conditions at middle latitudes of the northern hemisphere, up to 0.6 which corresponds to the Tambora eruption. The numbers on the DVI histogram refer to the same major volcanic eruptions outlined in Fig. 2. Table 1 summarizes the aerosol optical depth as estimated in this study from paintings which is found to be in reasonable agreement with independent estimates by other authors. Robock and Free (1996) estimated that the aerosol optical depth for Laki has a value of 0.19 while Robertson et al. (2001) give 0.16. Both papers (Robertson et al., 2001; Robock and Free, 1996) give to Tambora the value of 0.50, while Stothers (1984) calculated the global optical

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

depth to be 0.85 in 1815, 0.9 in 1816 and 0.2 in 1817. For 1831 and 1835 Robock and Free (1996) estimated an optical depth of 0.09 and 0.11 and Robertson et al. (2001) of 0.07 and 0.18 respectively. For the Krakatau eruption, Sato et al. (1993) estimated the optical depth to be about 0.13, Stothers (1996) gives 0.14 in 1884 decreasing to 0.02 by 1886, Robock and Free (1996) give 0.12 and Robertson et al. (2001) 0.09, while Dermidjian (1973) estimates an AOD of about 0.6. As seen in Fig. 6 the correlation coefficient between AOD and DVI is 0.87 again remarkably significant and points to the important information that can be extracted from paintings portraying natural phenomena, which attracted the attention of famous painters, although probably most of them did not know anything about their occurrence.

4 Conclusions

In this work we have attempted to estimate the aerosol optical depth following major volcanic eruptions as well as to provide evidence of the variability of the background atmospheric optical depth at 550 nm in a 400-year period, estimated from the coloration of sunsets in famous art paintings. The results presented show a strong dependence of the chromatic R/G ratios perception by the painters on the scattering state of the atmosphere. The artists for the 400-year period under study (1500–1900) appear to have simulated the colours of nature with a remarkable precise coloration as proved by the unexpected high correlation coefficient of 0.83 found between the well known index of volcanic activity (DVI) and the values of the coloration depicted in the sunset paintings. A time series of aerosol optical depth at 550 nm has been compiled, representing the middle latitudes of the Northern Hemisphere and covers the periods 1500–1900. The aerosol optical depth estimated ranged from 0.05, for background aerosol conditions, up to about 0.6 which corresponded to the period after the Tambora and Krakatau eruptions. These estimates are in reasonable agreement with independent studies referring to the same period. We should note here that because of the controversy on the date that the famous painting “The Scream” was created by Edvard Munch prevented us

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

**Past volcanic aerosol
optical depths**C. S. Zerefos et al.

[Title Page](#)[Abstract](#)[Introduction](#)[Conclusions](#)[References](#)[Tables](#)[Figures](#)[◀](#)[▶](#)[◀](#)[▶](#)[Back](#)[Close](#)[Full Screen / Esc](#)[Printer-friendly Version](#)[Interactive Discussion](#)

to use it in our sample. This is because while Robock (2000) attributes it to the 1892 Awu eruption, Olson (2004) shows topographically that it was created about ten years before, in the winter of 1883–1884. The high R/G value of “The Scream” (over 2,10), as well as similar high values of other paintings by Edvard Munch (e.g. “Despair” and “Anxiety”) are possible indications illustrating the memory kept by the painter of the coloration of the optical phenomena which he saw following the 1883 Krakatau event .

At any rate, we believe that this study will form the basis for more research to be done on environmental information content in art paintings. Through the eyes of painters and other artists it is expected to get information on past natural phenomena that have escaped attention of scholars until now. As J. M. W. Turner (Bockemuhl, 2000) said: “I did not paint it to be understood, but I wished to show what such a scene was like”.

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**Past volcanic aerosol
optical depths**

C. S. Zerefos et al.

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

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ACPD

7, 5145–5172, 2007

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

EGU

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

Table 1. Estimated aerosol optical depth at 550 nm corresponding to middle latitudes for each major volcanic eruption from this papers in comparison with other studies.

	Volcano Name	Year of the eruption	AOD this study	Nearest estimate from other studies
1	Awu	1641	0.35	0.33 (Zielinski, 2000)
2	Katla	1660	0.29-0.34	N/A
3	Tongkoko & Krakatau	1680	0.47	N/A
4	Laki	1783	0.30	0.21–0.28 (Robertson et al.,2001) 0.19 (Robock and Free, 1996) 0.12 (Zielinski, 2000)
5	Tambora	1815	0.33–0.60	0.5 (Robertson et al., 2001) 0.5 (Robock and Free, 1996) 0.2-0.9 (Stothers, 1996)
6	Babuyan	1831	0.28–0.29	0.24 (Zielinski, 2000)
7	Coseguina	1835	0.52	0.11–0.21 (Robertson et al., 2000)
8	Krakatau	1883	0.37–0.57	0.6 (Deirmendjian, 1973)

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

Art paintings and measured R/G values Table A1.

Painter's Name	Title of Painting	Year	R/G	Gallery*
Gerard David	God the Father Blessing	1506	1.16±0.01	LVR
Tiziano Vecellio	Girl with a Basket of Fruits	1557	1.31±0.03	STL
Jan Brueghel the Elder	Landscape with Windmills	1607	1.22±0.05	PRD
Peter Paul Rubens	The Four Philosophers	1612	1.06±0.02	PLP
Hendrick Terbrugghen	St Sebastian Tended by Irene and her Maid	1625	1.24±0.03	AMA
Sir Anthony van Dyck	Portrait of the Painter Cornelis de Wae	1627	1.22±0.01	RBA
Rembrandt	The Risen Christ Appearing to Mary Magdalen	1638	1.03±0.02	RCL
Gellee, Claude (Le Lorrain)	Imaginary View of Tivoli	1642	1.49±0.06	CTI
Gellee, Claude (Le Lorrain)	Italian Coastal Landscape	1642	1.38±0.09	STL
Nicolaes Pietersz Berchem	Landscape with Jacob, Rachel, and Leah	1643	1.13±0.02	LVR
Gellee, Claude (Le Lorrain)	Harbour Scene at Sunset	1643	1.17±0.02	RCL
Gellee, Claude (Le Lorrain)	Landscape with Paris and Oenone	1648	1.13±0.01	LVR
Gellee, Claude (Le Lorrain)	Seaport with the Embarkation of the Queen of Sheba	1648	1.14±0.03	NGL
Gellee, Claude (Le Lorrain)	Ulysses Returns Chryseis to her Father	1648	1.16±0.02	LVR
Simon de Vlieger	Visit of Frederick Hendriks II to Dordrecht in 1646	1649	1.11±0.01	KNH
Jacob Adriaensz Backer	Venus and Adonis	1650	1.41±0.04	SFS
Cuyp Aelbert	Herdsmen with Cows by a River	1650	1.05±0.00	NGL
David Teniers the Younger	Flemish Kermess	1652	1.19±0.04	RBA
Gellee, Claude (Le Lorrain)	Landscape with the Rest on the Flight into Egypt	1661	1.21±0.01	HMT
Jan de Bray	Pharaoh's Daughter with Her Attendants and Moses in the Reed Basket	1661	1.52±0.04	BVB
Gellee, Claude (Le Lorrain)	Landscape with Tobias and the Angel	1663	1.48±0.02	HMT
Ludolf Backhuysen	Ships in Distress off a Rocky Coast	1667	1.17±0.02	NGA
Wright John Michael	Sir Neil O'Neill	1680	1.71±0.04	NGA
Jacob de Heusch	River View with the Ponte Rotto	1696	1.15±0.02	HAU
Louis Philippe Boitard	An Exact Representation of the Game Cricket	1760	1.21±0.02	TTG
De Louthembourg, Philip James	Travellers Attacked by Banditti	1781	1.10±0.01	TTG
Jakob Philipp Hackert	Landscape with a Ancient Festival	1781	1.11±0.01	HMT
Thomas Gainsborough	Girl with Pigs	1782	1.23±0.02	CHW
John Singleton Copley	Mrs. Daniel Denison Rogers	1784	1.66±0.16	FGA
Jakob Philipp Hackert	View of Caserta	1784	1.09±0.01	HMT
Sir Joshua Reynolds	Lady Elizabeth Foster	1787	1.70±0.03	TTG
Jakob Philipp Hackert	Italian Landscape	1795	1.14±0.04	HMT
Jean Broc	The Death of Hyacinth	1801	1.08± 0.01	RPC
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Distant View of Whitby from the Moors: A Windmill against a Sunset Sky; The Abbey Beyond	1801	1.07±0.02	TTG
Joseph Anton von Koch	The Monastery of San Francesco di Civitella in the Sabine Mountains	1812	1.29±0.03	HMT
Karl Friedrich Schinkel	Karl Friedrich The Banks of the Spree near Stralau	1817	1.29±0.01	NGB
Caspar David Friedrich	Griefswald in the Moonlight	1817	1.12±0.05	NGO
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Decline of the Carthaginian Empire	1817	1.27±0.03	TTG
Caspar David Friedrich	Two Men by the Sea at Moonrise	1817	1.26±0.14	NGB
Theodore Gericault	Landscape with Aqueduct	1818	1.23±0.00	MMA
Caspar David Friedrich	Woman in front of the Setting Sun	1818	1.64±0.09	FLK
Caspar David Friedrich	Wanderer Looking over the Sea of Fog	1818	1.11±0.00	KNH
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Roman Campagna from Monte Testaccio, Sunset	1819	1.05±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Moonlight over the Campagna	1819	1.06±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	St. Peter's from the South	1819	1.38±0.02	BRN
Nasmyth Patrick	View near Sevenoaks, Kent	1820	1.03±0.02	NGA
Richard Parkes Bonington	Landscape, Sunset	1826	1.06±0.01	TAS
Ward James	L'Amour de Cheval	1827	1.13±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Evening: A Windmill at Sunset	1827	1.17± 0.04	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Setting Sun over Petworth Park	1827	1.20± 0.03	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Petworth Park; Sunset ("Glade and Greensward")	1827	1.18±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Setting Sun	1827	1.19±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset across the Park from the Terrace of Petworth House	1827	1.21±0.04	TTG

Past volcanic aerosol
optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

Table A1. Continued.

Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset over the Ridge Seen from the North Pond in Petworth Park	1827	1.01±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Evening: A Boat on a River with a Distant Tower	1827	1.15±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset: A Boat on a River	1827	1.22±0.02	TTG
Richard Parkes Bonington	Sunset in the Pays de Caux	1828	1.07±0.03	WLC
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Claudian Harbour Scene	1828	1.17±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Cilgerran Castle, Pembrokeshire	1828	1.08±0.01	TTG
Dawe George	Portrait of Fieldmarshal Mikhail Barclay de Tolly	1829	1.30±0.04	HMT
Ferdinand Olivier	Elijah in the Wilderness	1831	1.14±0.00	NPM
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Fort Vimeux	1831	1.30±0.12	PRV
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Le Havre: Sunset in the Port	1832	1.02±0.01	TTG
Friedrich Caspar David	Swans in the Reeds	1832	1.66±0.06	HMT
Calame Alexandre	View of Geneva from Petit-Saconnex	1834	1.12±0.02	ORF
Caspar David Friedrich	The Stages of Life	1835	1.11±0.05	MBK
Khrutsky Ivan	Young Woman with Basket	1835	1.16±0.01	HMT
Thomson, Rev. John, of Duddingston	Loch-an-Eilean, Rothiemurchus, Inverness-shire	1835	1.80±0.02	NGA
Hagen, August Mathias	Sea Bay	1835	1.21±0.02	HMT
Jean-Baptiste-Camille Corot	Landscape with Lake and Boatman	1839	1.30±0.11	GTT
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Dinant, on the Meuse, from the South	1839	1.03±0.01	TTG
Khrutsky Ivan	View on Yelagin Island in St. Petersburg	1839	1.21±0.05	HMT
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Mayen in the Eifel	1839	1.09±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	A View of Metz from the North	c. 1839	1.28±0.04	TTG
Christina Robertson	Portrait of Grand Princess Alexandra Nikolayevna	1840	1.11±0.01	HMT
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Distant View of Regensburg from the Dreifaltigkeitsberg	1840	1.06±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset on a Lake	1841	1.16±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Mont Pilatus: Sunset	1841	1.08±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Geneva, the Jura Mountains and Isle Rousseau, Sunset	1841	1.11±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset, Lake of Lucerne	1841	1.12±0.02	TTG
Charles-Gabriel Gleyre	Evening or Lost Illusions	1843	1.16±0.04	KNM
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Yellow Sun over Water	1845	1.27±0.03	TTG
Alexander Ivanov	Via Appia	1845	1.07±0.01	TRV
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset, over the Water	1845	1.28±0.02	TTG
Fitz Hugh Lane	Camden Mountains From the South Entrance to the Harbor	1859	1.14±0.01	FRW
Gifford Sanford Robinson	Mansfield Mountain	1859	1.13±0.02	MNG
Albert Bierstadt	Coastal View, Newport	1861	1.10±0.00	PRV
Gifford Sanford Robinson	A twilight in the Catskills	1861	1.28±0.01	PRV
Albert Bierstadt	Indian Summer – Hudson River	1861	1.01±0.01	PRV
Gifford Sanford Robinson	A twilight in Adirondacks	1861	1.20±0.01	PRV
Gifford Sanford Robinson	A Lake Twilight	1861	1.04±0.01	PRV
Perov Vasily	The Last Tavern at the City Gates	1868	1.14±0.04	TRV
Eugene Fromentin	Desert Scene	1868	1.32±0.07	HMT
Jean-Leon Gerome	Excursion of the Harem	1869	1.27±0.11	CHR
Albert Bierstadt	Sunset in Yosemite Valley	1869	1.38±0.07	HGG
Brett John	The British Channel seen from the Dorsetshire Cliff	1871	1.34±0.03	TTG
Edgar Degas	Racehorses at Longchamp	1871	1.18±0.02	FAB
Gifford Sanford Robinson	An October Afternoon	1871	1.09±0.01	FAB
Edgar Degas	Horses in a Meadow	1871	1.05±0.01	NGA
Albert Bierstadt	EI Capitan, Yosemite Valley	1875	1.02±0.00	TLD
Jasper Francis Cropsey	Deer by a Mountain Lake	1875	1.37±0.02	PRV
Jasper Francis Cropsey	Autumn Landscape with Boaters on a Lake	1875	1.13±0.11	NCF
Arkhip Kuinji	Evening in Ukraine	1878	1.57±0.03	RSS
Gifford Sanford Robinson	A Sunset, Bay of New York	1878	1.29±0.08	EVV
Gifford Sanford Robinson	Sunset on the Shore of No Man's Land- Bass Fishing	1878	1.05±0.00	PRV
Gustav Klimt	Fable	1883	1.12±0.02	HCV
Pierre-Auguste Renoir	Seating Girl	1883	1.25±0.05	PRV
Breton Jules	The Song of the Lark	1884	1.74±0.05	AIC
Albert Pinkham Ryder	The Temple of the Mind	1885	1.75±0.16	PRV

ACPD

7, 5145–5172, 2007

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

EGU

Table A1. Continued.

John Atkinson Grimshaw	An Autumn Idyll	1885	1.28±0.07	RCA
Jasper Francis Cropsey	Evening on the Hudson	1885	1.32±0.08	NCF
Garstin Norman	Haycocks and Sun	1886	1.12±0.02	TTG
Yelland Raymond	Moonrise Over Seacoast at Pacific Grove	1886	1.75±0.04	OKL
Jasper Francis Cropsey	Palisades At Sunset	1887	1.12±0.03	NCF
Jasper Francis Cropsey	View From Artist's Residence, Sunset	1887	1.17±0.03	NCF
Warren W. Sheppard	Moonlight Sail off the Highlands	1888	1.78±0.05	PRV
Millais Sir John Everett	The Moon is Up, and Yet it is not Night	1890	1.24±0.01	NGA
Thomas Hope McLachlan	Evening Quiet	1891	1.30±0.01	TTG
Edgar Degas	Westfield and Green Hill	1892	1.21±0.01	NSM
Ralph Albert Blakelock	Moonlight	1885–89	1.17±0.03	BKL
Heironymous Bosch	The Path of Life	1500–02	1.13±0.01	LVR
Lambert Sustris	Jupiter and Io	1557–63	1.12±0.01	HMT
Peter Paul Rubens	The Capture of Juliers	1621–25	1.04±0.02	LVR
Gellee, Claude (Le Lorrain)	Embarkation of St Paula Romana at Ostia	1637–39	1.03±0.02	PRD
Jacques Stella	Minerva and the Muses	1640–45	1.11±0.01	LVR
Gellee, Claude (Le Lorrain)	The Disembarkation of Cleopatra at Tarsus	1642–43	1.15±0.02	LVR
Jan Both	Italian Landscape with a Path	1645–50	1.14±0.02	HMT
Aert van der Neer	Landscape with Windmill	1647–49	1.09±0.03	HMT
Sir Joshua Reynolds	Mrs Crewe	1760–61	1.29±0.02	PRV
Sir Joshua Reynolds	Admiral Augustus Keppel	1780	1.34±0.01	TTG
Caspar David Friedrich	View of a Harbour	1815–16	1.86±0.11	SCH
Caspar David Friedrich	Night in a Harbour (Sisters)	1818–20	1.25±0.01	HMT
Caspar David Friedrich	On Board a Sailing Ship	1818–20	1.20±0.02	HMT
Jean-Baptiste-Camille Corot	Poussin's Walk, The Roman Campa	1826–28	1.27±0.02	LVR
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Harbour Scene at Sunrise, possibly Margate	1835–40	1.05±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Lausanne: Sunset	1841–42	1.14±0.03	TTG
Jean-Francois Millet	Angelus	1857–59	1.14±0.03	ORS
Francis A Silva	At Sunset	1880–89	1.84±0.41	PRV
Sir Edward Burne-Jones	Chant d'Amour	1868–73	1.21±0.09	MMA
Albert Bierstadt	View of Donner Lake	1871–72	1.07±0.01	FAF
Edgar Degas	Race Horses	1885–88	1.80±0.02	PHL
Edgar Degas	Horses and Jockeys	1886–90	1.15±0.01	PRV
Albert Pinkham Ryder	Siegfried and the Rhine Maidens	1888–91	1.00±0.02	NGA
Edgar Degas	Field of Flax	1891–92	1.15±0.01	PRV
Caspar David Friedrich	Evening	c. 1824	1.30±0.07	MNH
Pieter Bruegel the Elder	Landscape with the fall of Icarus	c.1558	1.04±0.01	RBA
Francesco Vanni	Madonna and Child with St Lucy	c.1600	1.13±0.03	PRV
Johann Konig	Wooded River Landscape with St John the Baptist	c.1610	1.13±0.02	PRV
David Vinckboons	An Officer Preparing His Troops for an Ambush	c.1612	1.26±0.04	PRV
Gellee, Claude (Le Lorrain)	Harbour Scene with Grieving Heliaides	c.1640	1.35±0.03	WLR
Caesar van Everdingen	Four Muses and Pegasus on Parnassus	c.1650	1.35±0.02	HTB
Cuyp Aelbert	River-bank with Cows	c.1650	1.07±0.01	BVB
Jan Both	Italian Landscape with Roman Warriors	c.1650	1.11±0.02	HMT
Cuyp Aelbert	The Maas at Dordrecht	c.1650	1.05±0.01	NGA
Caspar David Friedrich	The Grosse Gehege near Dresden	c. 1832	1.07±0.01	GML
Jean-Antoine Watteau	The Capricious Girl	c.1718	1.19±0.02	HMT
Marco Ricci	Landscape with Watering Horses	c.1720	1.00±0.01	GDA
Bellotto Bernardo	View of Pirna from Posta	c.1753	1.29±0.03	HMT
Wilson Richard	Lake Avernus and the Island of Capri	c.1760	1.16±0.01	TTG
Wilson Richard	River View, on the Arno	c.1760	1.10±0.01	TTG
Thomas Gainsborough	Miss Haverfield	c.1782	1.32±0.11	WLC
Thomas Gainsborough	Boy Driving Cows near a Pool	c.1786	1.14±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Windmill on Hill: Valley and Winding River in Middle Distance; Sunset Effect	c.1795	1.08±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Snowy Hills beside a Lake; Evening Sky	c.1799-1802	1.06±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Study for the Composition of 'Dolbadern Castle'	c.1799-1802	1.08±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Barnstaple Bridge at Sunset	c.1813	1.25±0.02	TTG
John Crome	A Windmill near Norwich	c.1816	1.33±0.00	TTG
Caspar David Friedrich	Neubrandenburg	c.1817	1.45±0.03	GPL
Caspar David Friedrich	Ships in Greifswald harbour	1818-20	1.74±0.10	GPL

ACPD

7, 5145–5172, 2007

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

EGU

Table A1. Continued.

John Crome	Yarmouth Harbour - Evening	c.1817	1.12±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Moonlight at Sea (The Needles)	c.1818	1.39±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Red Sky and Crescent Moon	c.1818	1.73±0.06	TTG
Caspar David Friedrich	The Sisters on the Balcony	c.1820	1.39±0.12	HMT
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Bass Rock	c.1824	1.20±0.07	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Crimson Sunset	c.1825	1.28±0.06	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Fiery Sunset	c.1825-27	1.23±0.04	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset over Water	c.1825-27	1.30±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Gloucester Cathedral	c.1826	1.15±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	A Distant View of the Upperton Monument, from the Lake in Petworth Park	c.1827	1.21±0.04	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Ariccia : Sunset	c.1828	1.04±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Lake, Petworth, Sunset	c.1828	1.12±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	A Ship Aground	c.1828	1.04±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Chain Pier, Brighton	c.1828	1.05±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Seacoast with Ruin, probably the Bay of Baiae	c.1828	1.17±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Petworth Park: Tillington Church in the Distance	c.1828	1.37±0.03	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	St Michael's Mount from Marazion, Cornwall	c.1828	1.16±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Chichester Canal	c.1828	1.14±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Classical Harbour Scene	c.1828	1.07±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Lake, Petworth: Sunset, Fighting Bucks	c.1829	1.29±0.04	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Lake, Petworth: Sunset, a Stag Drinking	c.1829	1.35±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Chichester Canal	c.1829	1.30±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Castle Upnor, Kent: Preparatory Study	c.1829-30	1.16±0.01	TTG
Caspar David Friedrich	The Temple of Juno in Agrigent	c.1830	1.31±0.08	MKK
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset: Study for 'Flint Castle, on the Welsh Coast'	c.1830	1.15±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Geneva	c.1830	1.12±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Datur Hora Quieti	c.1831-32	1.07±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Tornaro (Roger's 'Poems)	c.1832	1.08±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	A Town on a River at Sunset	c.1833	1.07±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset	c.1833	1.76±0.03	TTG
Kroly Brocky	The Daughters of Istvn Medgyasszay	c.1833	1.12±0.02	PRV
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset over Lake	c.1834	1.23±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset	c.1834	1.21±0.02	TTG
Caspar David Friedrich	The Dreamer (Ruins of the Oybin)	c.1835	1.70±0.08	HMT
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Arch of Constantine, Rome	c.1835	1.17±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Tivoli: Tobias and the Angel	c.1835	1.11±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset: A Fish Market on the Beach	c.1835	1.07±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	View of Town, with Yellow Sky	c.1839	1.07±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset on the Sea	c.1839	1.14±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Venice: Sunset	c.1839	1.11±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset, with Smoke from a Distant Steamer	c.1840	1.05±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sun Setting over a Lake	c.1840	1.33±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Venice: The Campanile of S. Giorgio Maggiore, with S. Maria della Salute on the Right: Sunset	c.1840	0.04±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset over Yellow-Green Waters	c.1840	1.10±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	S. Maria della Salute and the Dogana: Sunset	c.1840	1.06±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Orange Sunset	c.1840	1.32±0.04	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Walhalla, near Regensburg on the Danube	c.1840-42	1.11±0.01	TTG
Albert Bierstadt	Sunset, Deer, and River	c.1868	1.39±0.02	PRV
Albert Pinkham Ryder	With Sloping Mast and Dipping Prow	c.1883	1.11±0.02	NAA
Edgar Degas	Landscape on the Orne	c.1884	1.22±0.04	PRV
Elisha Taylor Baker	East river Scene, Brooklym	c.1886	1.75±0.04	PRV
Edgar Degas	The Jockey	c.1887	1.32±0.05	PHL
Edgar Degas	Wheatfield and Line of Trees	c.1890-93	1.17±0.04	PRV
Edgar Degas	Landscape: Cows in the Foreground	c.1890-93	1.13±0.01	PRV
Edgar Degas	Landscape by the Sea	c.1895-98	1.12±0.01	PRV
Edgar Degas	The Return of the Herd	c.1896-98	1.18±0.01	LCS
Sebastien Bourdon	Bacchus and Ceres with Nymphs and Satyrs	1640-60	1.32±0.03	FAB

ACPD

7, 5145–5172, 2007

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

EGU

Table A1. Continued.

Alonso Cano	The Dead Christ Supported by an Angel	1646-52	1.19±0.07	PRD
Henry Anderton	Mountain Landscape With dancing Shepherd	1650-60	1.28±0.02	TTG
Francisco Camilo	Adoration of the Magi	1660s	1.16±0.01	BAB
Caesar van Everdingen	Nymphs Offering the Young Bacchus Wine, Fruit and Flowers	1670-78	1.31±0.02	KDE
Luca Carlevaris	The Sea Custom House with San Giorgio Maggiore	1700s	1.12±0.03	PRV
Jan Weenix	Boar Hunt	1703-16	1.18±0.01	ALP
John Crome	Moonrise on the Yare	1811-16	1.40±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The River; Sunset	1820-30	1.07±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Looking out to Sea	1820-30	1.09±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunlight over Water	1825-30	1.12±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Scarlet Sunset	1830-40	2.40±0.17	TTG
Alexander Ivanov	The Appearance of Christ to the People	1837-57	0.90±0.03	TRV
Ziem, Felix Francois Georges Philibert	Harbour at Constantinople	1880s	1.28±0.01	HMT
William Ascroft	Twilight and Afterglow Effects (17 paintings)	1883-86	1.51-2.90	SCN
Arkhip Kuinji	Sunset	1885-90	1.84±0.06	RSS
Edgar Degas	Race Horses	1885-88	1.30±0.03	PHL
Edgar Degas	Horses and Jockeys	1886-90	1.35±0.02	PRV
Arkhip Kuinji	Sunset	1890-95	2.26±0.03	RSS
Warren Sheppard	Sunset Sail	1890s	1.21±0.03	SPF
William Hogarth	Conversation Piece (Portrait of Sir Andrew Fountaine with Other Men and Women)	c. 1730-35	1.20±0.05	PHL
Caspar David Friedrich	Evening Landscape with Two Men	c. 1830-35	1.63±0.02	HMT
Smith George of Chichester	Classical Landscape	c.1760-70	1.06±0.09	NGA
Wilson Richard	Landscape with Bathers, Cattle and Ruin	c.1770-75	1.07±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset	c.1820-30	1.09±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Running Wave in a Cross-Tide: Evening	c.1820-30	1.27±0.04	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Distant Tower: Evening	c.1820-30	1.09±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Twilight over the Waters	c.1820-30	1.09±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	A Ruin: Sunset	c.1820-30	1.21±0.03	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset	c.1820-30	1.11±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	River: Sunset	c.1820-30	1.08±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Line of Cliffs	c.1820-30	1.17±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	River with Trees: Sunset	c.1820-30	1.10±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	River Scene: Sunset	c.1820-30	1.34±0.15	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Studies of Skies	c.1820-30	1.14±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Evening	c.1820-30	1.12±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Castle by the Sea	c.1820-30	1.09±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset	c.1820-30	1.11±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Study for 'The Golden Bough'	c.1820-30	1.12±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset over the Sea	c.1820-30	1.10±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Rochester Castle and Bridge	c.1820-30	1.11±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset	c.1820-30	1.11±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Yellow Sky	c.1820-30	1.10±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	A Pink Sky above a Grey Sea	c.1822	1.22±0.07	TTG
Caspar David Friedrich	Moonrise by the Sea	c.1822	1.32±0.02	NGB
Joseph Mallord William Turner	A Stormy Sunset	c.1822	1.13±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Fiery Sunset	c.1825-27	1.30±0.03	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset over Water	c.1825-27	1.06±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset over a City	c.1826-36	1.19±0.01	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Regulus	C.1827-37	1.01±0.01	TTG
Caspar David Friedrich	Sunset (Brothers)	c.1830-35	1.66±0.05	HMT
Caspar David Friedrich	Mountainous River Landscape (Night Version)	c.1830-35	1.78±0.04	SMK
Sir Augustus Wall Callcott	Dutch Landscape with Cattle	c.1830-40	1.05±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset. (?Sunrise)	c.1835-40	1.33±0.05	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	A Lurid Sunset	c.1840-45	1.31±0.07	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset Seen from a Beach with Breakwater	c.1840-45	1.32±0.03	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Rigi	c.1841	1.12±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset From the Top of the Rigi	c.1844	1.04±0.02	TTG
Ralph Albert Blakelock	Landscape with Trees	c.1880-90	1.49±0.11	MAR
Ralph Albert Blakelock	Edge of the Forest	c.1880-90	1.36±0.09	BKL
Ralph Albert Blakelock	Afternoon Light	c.1880-90	1.32±0.06	MAR

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7, 5145–5172, 2007

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

EGU

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

Table A1. Continued.

Gustav Klimt	Sappho	1888-90	1.65±0.05	HCV
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sea Monsters and Vessels at Sunset	c.1845	1.39±0.03	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Yellow and Blue Sunset over Water	c.1845	1.07±0.00	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset at Ambleteuse	c.1845	1.24±0.03	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Sunset	c.1845	1.21±0.02	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	Yellow Sunset	c.1845	1.32±0.07	TTG
Joseph Mallord William Turner	The Red Rigi: Sample Study	c.1841-42	1.12±0.02	TTG
Albert Bierstadt	South and North Moat Mountains	c.1862	0.99±0.01	PRV
Albert Bierstadt	White Horse and Sunset	c.1863	1.22±0.03	BBH
Albert Bierstadt	Evening on the Prarie	c.1870	1.07±0.01	TBM
Albert Bierstadt	Sacramento River Valey	c.1872	1.06±0.01	TBM

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

Table A1. * Galleries abbreviations:

AIC: The Art Institute of Chicago, USA	MMA: The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York City, USA
ALP: Alte Pinakothek, Munich, Germany	MNG: Manogian Collection
AMA: Allen Memorial Art Museum, Oberlin, Ohio, USA	NAA: National Museum of American Art, USA
BAB: Museo de Bellas Artes, Bilbao, Spain	NCF: Newington Cropsey Foundation Gallery of Art
BBH:Buffulo Bill Historical Center, USA	NGA: National Gallery of Art, Washington, USA
BKL: Brooklyn Museum, NY, USA	NGB: Nationalgalerie, Berlin, Germany
BRN: British National Museum, London	NGL: The National Gallery, London, UK
BVB: Museum Boijmans Van Beuningen, Rotterdam, The Netherlands	NGO: The National Gallery, Oslo, Norway
CHR: Chrysler Collection, Norfolk, Virginia, USA	NPM: Neue Pinakothek, Munich, Germany
CHW: Castle Howard, Yorkshire, UK	NSM: Norton Simon Foundation, Pasadena
CTI: Courtauld Institute Galleries, London, UK	OKL: The Oakland Museum of California, USA
EVR: Everson Museum of Art, USA	ORF: Oskar Reinhart Foundation, Winterthur
FAB: Museum of Fine Arts, Boston, USA	ORS: Musee d'Orsay, Paris, France
FAB: Museum of Fine Arts, Budapest, Hungary	PHL: Philadelphia Museum of Art, USA
FAF: Fine Arts Museums of San Francisco, California, USA	PLP: Palazzo Pitti, Galleria Palatina, Florence, Italy
FGA: Fogg Art Museum, Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts	PRD: Museo del Prado, Madrid, Spain
FLK: Museum Folkwang, Essen, Germany	PRV: Private collection
FRW: Farnsworth Art Museum, Rockland, ME.	RBA: Musee Royal des Beaux Arts, Antwerp, Belgium
GDA: Gallerie dell'Accademia, Venice, Italy	RBA: Musees Royaux des Beaux-Arts, Brussels, Belgium
GML: Gemaldegalerie Neue Meister, Staatliche Kunstsammlungen, Dresden	RCA:Russell-Cotes Art Gallery and Museum, Bournemouth, England
GPL: Griefswald, Pommersches Landmuseum, Germany	RCL:Royal Collection, London, UK
GTT: The J. Paul Getty Museum, Malibu, CA, USA	RPC: Musee Rupert de Chievres, Poitiers
HAU: Herzog Anton Ulrich-Museum, Brunswick	RSS: The Russian Museum, St-Petersburg, Russia
HCV: Historical Museum of the City of Vienna, Vienna, Austria	SCH: Schloss Scharlattenburg, Stiftung Preussische Berlin, Germany
HGG: Haggin Museum, USA	SCN: Sciencemuseum, London, UK
HMA: Hiroshima Museum of Art, Japan	SFS: Museum Schloss Fasanerie, Eichenzell
HMT: The Hermitage Museum, St. Petersburg, Russia	SMK: Staatliche Museen Kassel
HTB: Huis ten Bosch, The Hague	SPF: Susan Powell Fine Art, NY, USA
KDE: Kunstmuseum Dusseldorf im Ehrenhof, Dusseldorf, Germany	STL: Staatliche Museen, Berlin, Germany
KNH: Kunsthalle, Hamburg, Germany	TAS: Thomas Agnew & Sons Ltd., UK
KNH: Kunsthistorisches Museum, Vienna, Austria	TBM: Thyssen-Bornemisza Museum, Spain
KNM: Kunstmuseum, Winterthur	TLD: Toledo Museum of Art, USA
LCS: Leicestershire Museum and Art Gallery	TRV: The Tretyakov Gallery, Moscow, Russia
LVR : Musee du Louvre, Paris, France	TTG: The Tate Gallery, London, UK
MAR: Memorial Art Gallery of the University of Rochester, USA	WLC: Wallace Collection, London, UK
MBK: Museum der Bildenden Kunste, Leipzig, Germany	WLR: Wallraf-Richartz Museum, Cologne, Germany
MKK: Museum fur Kunst und Kulturgeschichte, Dortmund	

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

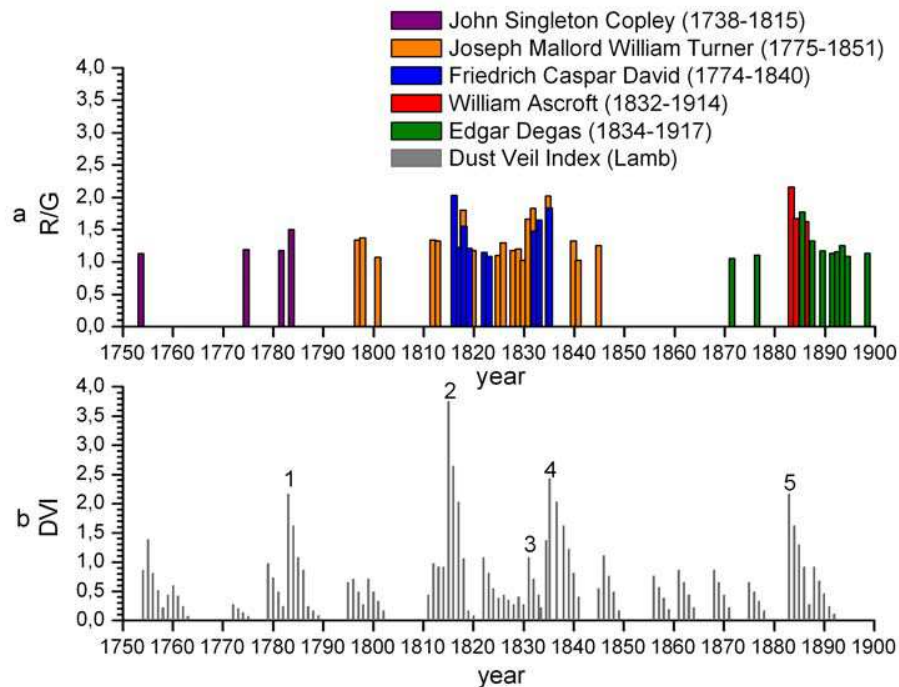


Fig. 1. (a) The variation of the chromatic ratio R/G that correspond to paintings of Copley, Turner, David, Ascroft and Degas. (b) The Dust Veil Index. The numbered peaks are 1. Laki, 2. Tambora, 3. Babuyan, 4. Coseguina and 5. Krakatau.

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

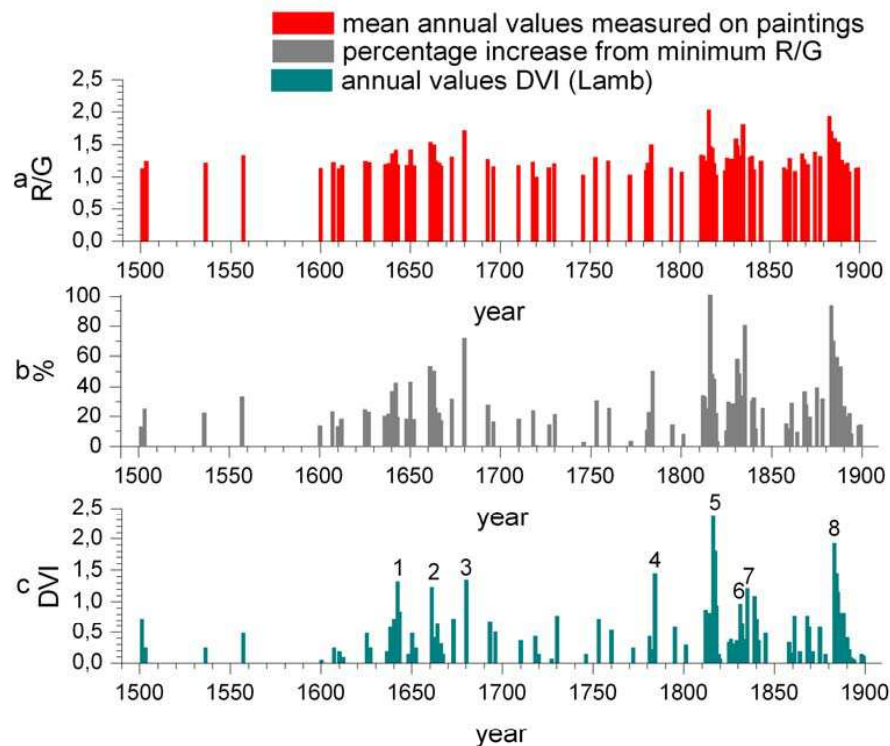


Fig. 2. (a) The mean annual value of R/G measured on 327 paintings. (b) The percentage increase from minimum R/G value shown in (a). (c) The corresponding Dust Veil Index (DVI).

[Title Page](#)[Abstract](#)[Introduction](#)[Conclusions](#)[References](#)[Tables](#)[Figures](#)[◀](#)[▶](#)[◀](#)[▶](#)[Back](#)[Close](#)[Full Screen / Esc](#)[Printer-friendly Version](#)[Interactive Discussion](#)

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

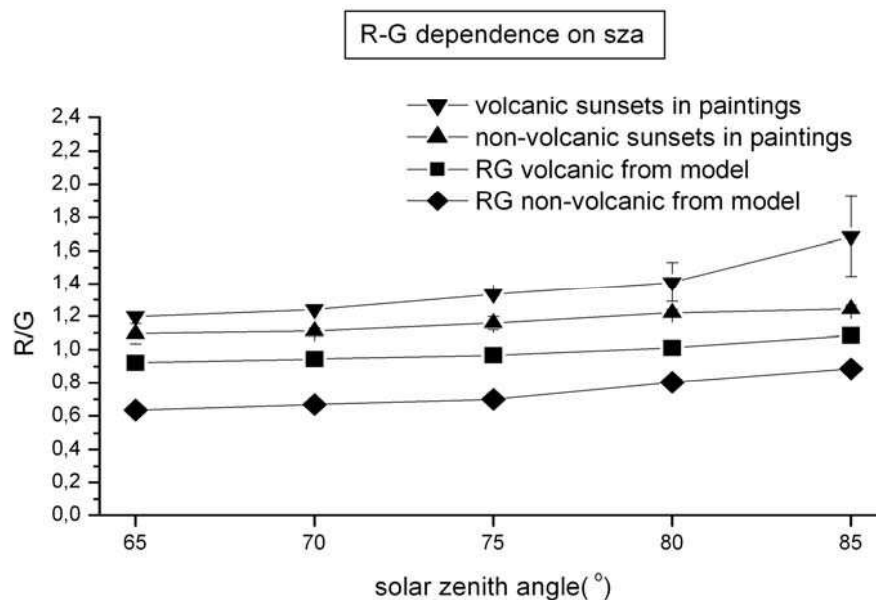


Fig. 3. The dependence of the chromatic ratio R/G on solar zenith angle as estimated from the paintings and the model. The volcanic sunset values include sunsets that were painted within a period of 3 years following a volcanic eruption. The non-volcanic sunsets include the remaining paintings at least 3 years apart from a volcanic eruption. The modeled R/G diffuse irradiance ($R=700$ nm, $G=550$ nm) calculated for background aerosol and high volcanic aerosol.

[Title Page](#)[Abstract](#)[Introduction](#)[Conclusions](#)[References](#)[Tables](#)[Figures](#)[◀](#)[▶](#)[◀](#)[▶](#)[Back](#)[Close](#)[Full Screen / Esc](#)[Printer-friendly Version](#)[Interactive Discussion](#)

EGU

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

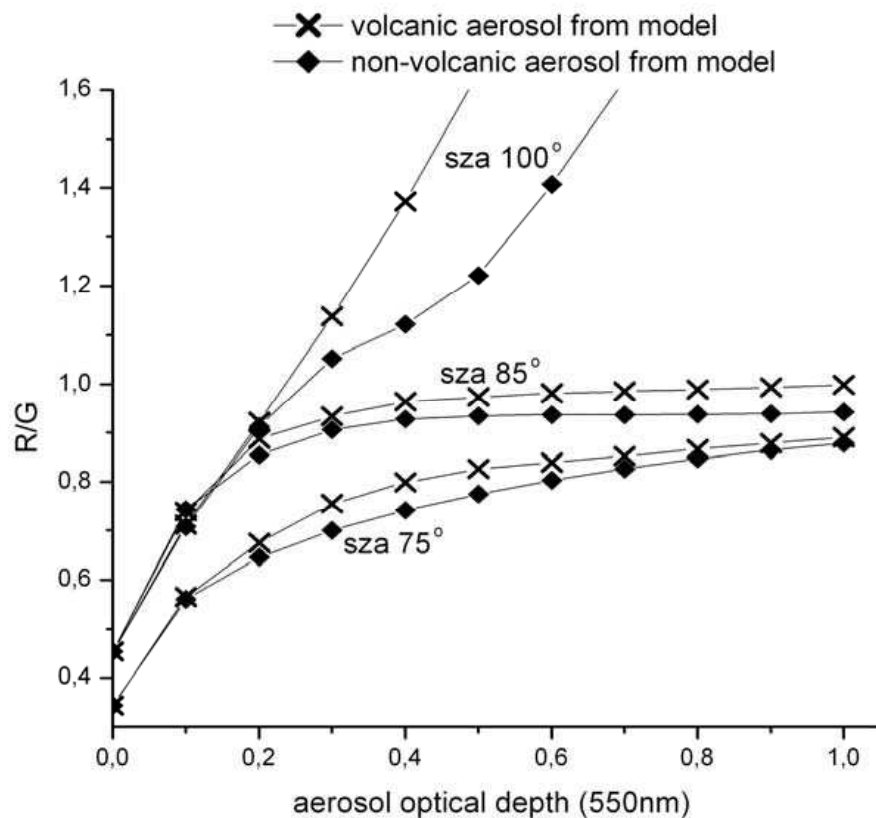


Fig. 4. Nomogramm of R/G and aerosol optical depth as resulted from the model for three solar zenith angles calculated for non-volcanic and volcanic aerosols used to calibrate the measurements on paintings.

[Title Page](#)[Abstract](#)[Introduction](#)[Conclusions](#)[References](#)[Tables](#)[Figures](#)[◀](#)[▶](#)[◀](#)[▶](#)[Back](#)[Close](#)[Full Screen / Esc](#)[Printer-friendly Version](#)[Interactive Discussion](#)

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

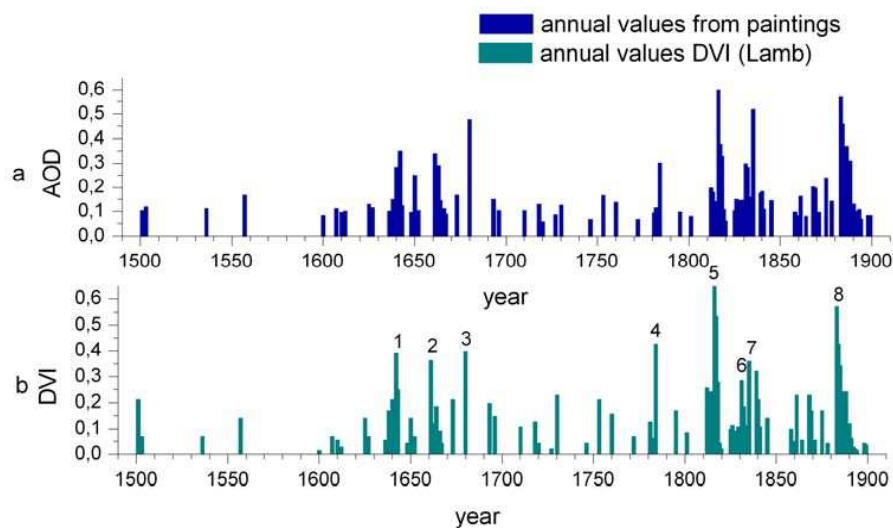


Fig. 5. (a) The aerosol optical depth at 550 nm as estimated from paintings and model calculations. (b) The corresponding Dust Veil Index.

[Title Page](#)[Abstract](#)[Introduction](#)[Conclusions](#)[References](#)[Tables](#)[Figures](#)[◀](#)[▶](#)[◀](#)[▶](#)[Back](#)[Close](#)[Full Screen / Esc](#)[Printer-friendly Version](#)[Interactive Discussion](#)

EGU

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

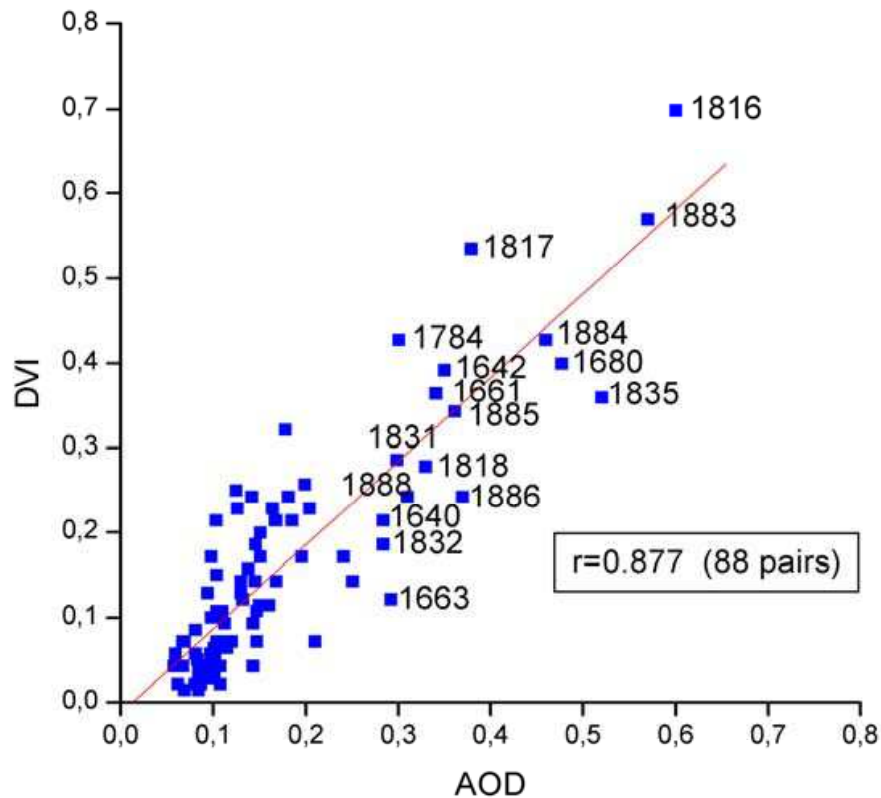


Fig. 6. Linear correlation between annual mean aerosol optical depth at 550 nm, estimated from sunset paintings following volcanic eruptions, and mean annual values of DVI.

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

[Title Page](#)[Abstract](#)[Introduction](#)[Conclusions](#)[References](#)[Tables](#)[Figures](#)[I◀](#)[▶I](#)[◀](#)[▶](#)[Back](#)[Close](#)[Full Screen / Esc](#)[Printer-friendly Version](#)[Interactive Discussion](#)

Appendix B

Examples of “volcanic” and “non-volcanic” paintings considered in the paper

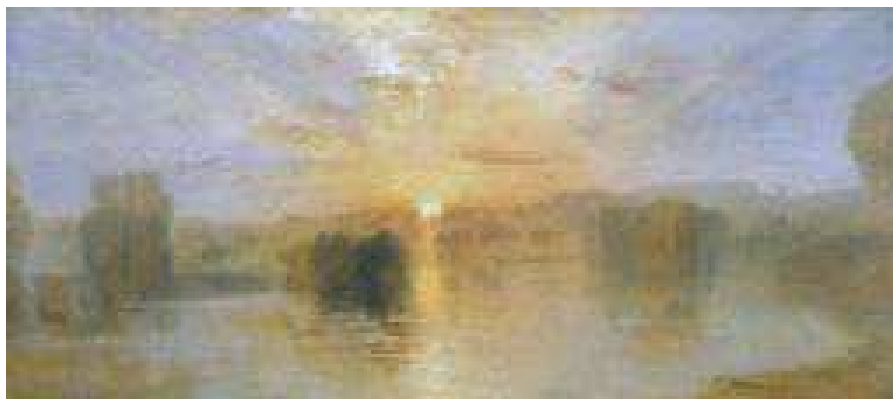


Fig. B1. Example of a non-volcanic sunset, painted by J. M. W. Turner entitled “The Lake, Petworth, Sunset”, created in 1828, with R/G ratio of 1.14 ± 0.04 (see Tate Gallery at <http://www.tate.org.uk/servlet/ViewWork?cgroupid=999999996&workid=14876>).



Fig. B2. Example of volcanic sunset by J. M. W. Turner entitled “Sunset” (c.1833) with R/G ratio of 1.76 ± 0.03 , that illustrate the optical phenomena due to the eruption of Babuyan (1831) (see Tate Gallery at <http://www.tate.org.uk/servlet/ViewWork?cgroupid=999999996&workid=14820>).

Past volcanic aerosol optical depths

C. S. Zerefos et al.

Title Page

Abstract

Introduction

Conclusions

References

Tables

Figures

◀

▶

◀

▶

Back

Close

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion